

# 3-W High-Voltage Switchmode Regulator

### FEATURES

- 10- to 70-V Input Range
- Current-Mode Control
- On-Chip 150-V, 5-Ω MOSFET Switch
- Reference Selection
   Si9100 ±1%
- High Efficiency Operation (> 80%)
- Internal Start-Up Circuit
- Internal Oscillator (1 MHz)
- SHUTDOWN and RESET

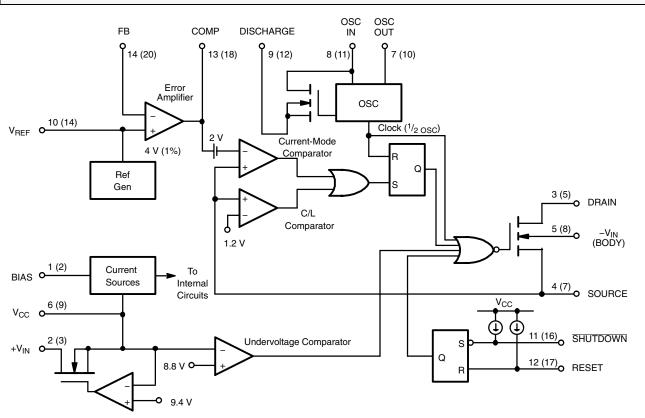
### DESCRIPTION

The Si9100 high-voltage switchmode regulators are monolithic BiC/DMOS integrated circuits which contain most of the components necessary to implement high-efficiency dc-to-dc converters up to 3 watts. They can either be operated from a low-voltage dc supply, or directly from a 10- to 70-V unregulated dc power source. The Si9100 may be used with an appropriate transformer to implement most single-ended isolated power converter topologies (i.e., flyback and forward),

or by using a level shift circuit can generate a +5-V or a -5-V non-isolated output from a -48-V source.

The Si9100 is available in both standard and lead (Pb)-free 14-pin plastic DIP and 20-pin PLCC packages which are specified to operate over the industrial temperature range of -40 °C to 85 °C.

### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note: Figures in parenthesis represent pin numbers for 20-pin package.

Applications information, see AN702 and AN713.

# Vishay Siliconix



### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Voltages Referenced to $-V_{IN}$ (V <sub>CC</sub> < +V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3 V)	
Ma a	

Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> ) 150	°C
Power Dissipation (Package) <sup>a</sup>	
14-Pin Plastic DIP (J Suffix) <sup>b</sup>	ιW
20-Pin PLCC (N Suffix) <sup>c</sup> 1400 m	
Thermal Impedance (Θ <sub>JA</sub> )	
14-Pin Plastic DIP	W
20-Pin PLCC	W

#### Notes

a. Device mounted with all leads soldered or welded to PC board.
b. Derate 6 mW/°C above 25°C
c. Derate 11.2 mW/°C above 25°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

4 - 14

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE**

Voltages Referenced to -VIN

V <sub>CC</sub>	$R_{OSC}$
+V_{IN} 10 V to 70 V	Linear Inputs 0 to 7 V
f <sub>OSC</sub> 40 kHz to 1 MHz	Digital Inputs 0 to V <sub>CC</sub>

SPECIFICATIONS <sup>a</sup>							
		Test Conditions UnlessOtherwise Specified		Limits			
Parameter	Symbol	$\begin{array}{l} \text{DISCHARGE} = -\text{V}_{IN} = 0 \text{ V} \\ \text{V}_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}, +\text{V}_{IN} = 48 \text{ V} \\ \text{R}_{BIAS} = 390 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ R}_{OSC} = 330 \text{ k}\Omega \end{array}$	Temp <sup>b</sup>	Min <sup>c</sup>	Typd	Max <sup>c</sup>	Unit
Reference		•			•		
Output Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	OSC IN = – V <sub>IN</sub> (OSC Disabled), R <sub>L</sub> = 10 M $\Omega$	Room	3.92	4.0	4.08	V
Output Impedance <sup>e</sup>	Z <sub>OUT</sub>		Room	15	30	45	kΩ
Short Circuit Current	I <sub>SREF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> = -V <sub>IN</sub>	Room	70	100	130	μΑ
Temperature Stability <sup>e</sup>	T <sub>REF</sub>		Full		0.5	1.0	mV/°C
Oscillator	•	·					
Maximum Frequency <sup>e</sup>	f <sub>MAX</sub>	R <sub>OSC</sub> = 0	Room	1	3		MHz
Initial Accuracy f <sub>OSC</sub>	_	$R_{OSC}$ = 330 kΩ, See Note f	Room	80	100	120	T
	fosc	$R_{OSC}$ = 150 kΩ, See Note f	Room	160	200	240	kHz
Voltage Stability	Δf/f	$\Delta f/f = f(13.5 \text{ V}) - f, (9.5 \text{ V})/f(9.5 \text{ V})$	Room		10	15	%
Temperature Coefficient <sup>e</sup>	T <sub>OSC</sub>		Full		200	500	ppm/°C
Error Amplifier		•	•	•	•	•	•
Feedback Input Voltage	V <sub>FB</sub>	FB Tied to COMP OSC In = -V <sub>IN</sub> (OSC Disabled)	Room	3.96	4.00	4.04	V
Input BIAS Current	I <sub>FB</sub>	$OSC IN = -V_{IN}, V_{FB} = 4 V$	Room		25	500	nA
Input OFFSET Voltage	V <sub>OS</sub>		Room		± 15	± 40	mV
Open Loop Voltage Gain <sup>e</sup>	A <sub>VOL</sub>		Room	60	80		dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth <sup>e</sup>	BW	OSC IN = - V <sub>IN</sub> , (OSC Disabled)	Room		1		MHz
Dynamic Output Impedance <sup>e</sup>	Z <sub>OUT</sub>	1	Room		1000	2000	Ω
0. + + 0+		SOURCE (V <sub>FB</sub> = 3.4 V)	Room		-2.0	-1.4	
Output Current	Ιουτ	SINK (V <sub>FB</sub> = 4.5 V)	Room	0.12	0.15		— mA
Power Supply Rejection	PSRR	OSC IN = - V <sub>IN</sub> , (OSC Disabled)	Room	50	70		dB



SPECIFICATIONS <sup>a</sup>									
		Test Conditions UnlessOtherwise Specified	Limits	Limits		Limits		s	
Parameter	Symbol	DISCHARGE = -V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V V <sub>CC</sub> = 10 V, +V <sub>IN</sub> = 48 V R <sub>BIAS</sub> = 390 kΩ, R <sub>OSC</sub> = 330 kΩ	Temp <sup>b</sup>	Min <sup>c</sup>	Typ <sup>d</sup>	Max <sup>c</sup>	Unit		
Current Limit					1				
Threshold Voltage	V <sub>SOURCE</sub>	$R_L$ = 100 $\Omega$ from DRAIN to $V_{CC}$ $V_{FB}$ = 0 V	Room	1.0	1.2	1.4	V		
Delay to Output <sup>e</sup>	t <sub>d</sub>	$R_L$ = 100 $\Omega$ from DRAIN to $V_{CC}$ $V_{SOURCE}$ = 1.5 V, See Figure 1	Room		100	200	ns		
Pre-Regulator/Start-Up									
Input Voltage	+V <sub>IN</sub>	I <sub>IN</sub> = 10 μA	Room			70	V		
Input Leakage Current	+I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{CC} \ge 10 V$	Room			10	μΑ		
Pre-Regulator Start-Up Current	I <sub>START</sub>	Pulse Width ≤ 300 μs V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Room	8	15		mA		
V <sub>CC</sub> Pre-Regulator Turn-Off Threshold Voltage	V <sub>REG</sub>	I <sub>PRE-REGULATOR</sub> = 10 μA	Room	7.8	9.4	9.7			
Undervoltage Lockout	V <sub>UVLO</sub>	$R_L$ = 100 $\Omega$ from DRAIN to V <sub>CC</sub> See Detailed Description	Room	7.0	8.8	9.2	V		
V <sub>REG</sub> -V <sub>UVLO</sub>	V <sub>DELTA</sub>		Room	0.3	0.6				
Supply			•		•	•			
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>		Room	0.45	0.6	1.0	mA		
Bias Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>		Room	10	15	20	μΑ		
Logic			·						
SHUTDOWN Delay <sup>e</sup>	t <sub>SD</sub>	$V_{SOURCE} = -V_{IN}$ , See Figure 2	Room		50	100			
SHUTDOWN Pulse Widthe	t <sub>SW</sub>		Room	50					
RESET Pulse Widthe	t <sub>RW</sub>	See Figure 3	Room	50			ns		
Latching Pulse Widthe SHUTDOWN and RESET Low	t <sub>LW</sub>	-	Room	25					
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		Room			2.0	v		
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		Room	8.0			v		
Input Current, Input Voltage High	IIH	V <sub>IN</sub> = 10 V	Room		1	5			
Input Current, Input Voltage Low	Ι <sub>ΙL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	Room	-35	-25		μA		
MOSFET Switch									
Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	V <sub>SOURCE</sub> = <del>SHUTDOWN</del> = 0 V I <sub>DRAIN</sub> = 100 μA	Full	150	180		V		
Drain-Source On Resistance <sup>g</sup>	r <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>DRAIN</sub> = 100 mA	Room		3	5	Ω		
Drain Off Leakage Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>SOURCE</sub> = <del>SHUTDOWN</del> = 0 V V <sub>DRAIN</sub> = 100 V	Room			10	μA		
Drain Capacitance	C <sub>DS</sub>	V <sub>SOURCE</sub> = SHUTDOWN = 0 V	Room		35		pF		

Notes a. Refer to PROCESS OPTION FLOWCHART for additional information.

b. Room = 25°C, Full = as determined by the operating temperature suffix.

The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum. c.

d. Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.

Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.  $C_{STRAY}$  Pin 8 =  $\leq$  5 pF e.

f.

Temperature coefficient of r<sub>DS(on)</sub> is 0.75% per °C, typical. g.

### Si9100

### Vishay Siliconix



### TIMING WAVEFORMS

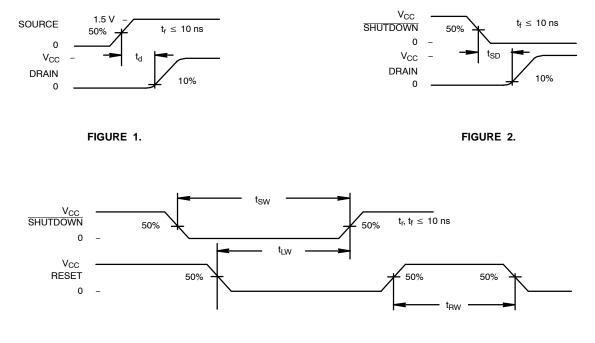
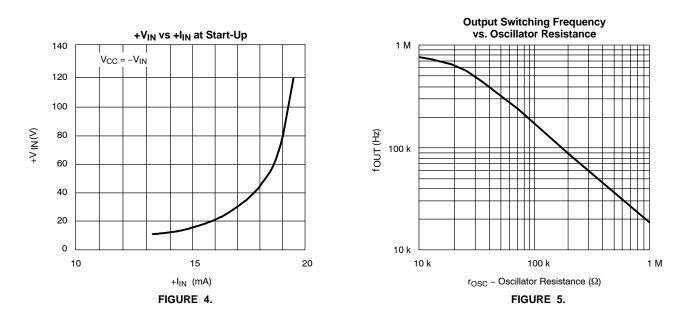


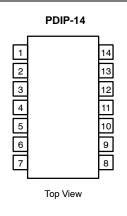
FIGURE 3.

### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

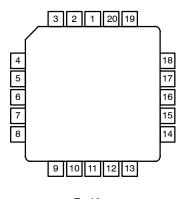




### **PIN CONFIGURATIONS**







	Pin			
Function	14-Pin DIP	20-Pin PLCC*		
BIAS	1	2		
+V <sub>IN</sub>	2	3		
DRAIN	3	5		
SOURCE	4	7		
-V <sub>IN</sub>	5	8		
V <sub>CC</sub>	6	9		
OSC OUT	7	10		
OSC IN	8	11		
DISCHARGE	9	12		
V <sub>REF</sub>	10	14		
SHUTDOWN	11	16		
RESET	12	17		
COMP	13	18		
FB	14	20		

PIN DESCRIPTION

\*Pins 1, 4, 6, 13, 15, and 19 = N/C

Top View

ORDERING INFORMATION						
StandardLead (Pb)-FreeTemperaturePart NumberPart NumberRangePackage						
Si9100DJ02	Si9100DJ02—E3	-40 to 85 °C	PDIP-14			
Si9100DN02	Si9100DN02—E3	-40 to 85 °C	PLCC-20			

### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

### Pre-Regulator/Start-Up Section

Due to the low quiescent current requirement of the Si9100 control circuitry, bias power can be supplied from the unregulated input power source, from an external regulated low-voltage supply, or from an auxiliary "bootstrap" winding on the output inductor or transformer.

When power is first applied during start-up, +V<sub>IN</sub> will draw a constant current. The magnitude of this current is determined by a high-voltage depletion MOSFET device which is connected between +V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>CC</sub>. This start-up circuitry provides initial power to the IC by charging an external bypass capacitance connected to the V<sub>CC</sub> pin. The constant current is

disabled when V<sub>CC</sub> exceeds 9.4 V. If V<sub>CC</sub> is not forced to exceed the 9.4-V threshold, then V<sub>CC</sub> will be regulated to a nominal value of 9.4 V by the pre-regulator circuit.

As the supply voltage rises toward the normal operating conditions, an internal undervoltage (UV) lockout circuit keeps the output MOSFET disabled until V<sub>CC</sub> exceeds the undervoltage lockout threshold (typically 8.8 V). This guarantees that the control logic will be functioning properly and that sufficient gate drive voltage is available before the MOSFET turns on. The design of the IC is such that the undervoltage lockout threshold will not exceed the pre-regulator turn-off voltage. Power dissipation can be minimized by providing an external power source to V<sub>CC</sub> such that the constant current source is always disabled.

### Vishay Siliconix



### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)**

**Note:** During start-up or when  $V_{CC}$  drops below 9.4 V the start-up circuit is capable of sourcing up to 20 mA. This may lead to a high level of power dissipation in the IC (for a 48-V input, approximately 1 W). Excessive start-up time caused by external loading of the  $V_{CC}$  supply can result in device damage. Figure 4 gives the typical pre-regulator current at start-up as a function of input voltage.

#### BIAS

To properly set the bias for the Si9100, a 390-k $\Omega$  resistor should be tied from BIAS to  $-V_{IN}$ . This determines the magnitude of bias current in all of the analog sections and the pull-up current for the SHUTDOWN and RESET pins. The current flowing in the bias resistor is nominally 15  $\mu$ A.

#### **Reference Section**

The reference section of the Si9100 consists of a temperature compensated buried zener and trimmable divider network. The output of the reference section is connected internally to the non-inverting input of the error amplifier. Nominal reference output voltage is 4 V. During the reference trimming procedure the error amplifier is connected for unity gain in order to compensate for the input offset voltage in the error amplifier.

The output impedance of the reference section has been purposely made high so that a low impedance external voltage source can be used to override the internal voltage source, if desired, without otherwise altering the performance of the device.

### **Error Amplifier**

Closed-loop regulation is provided by the error amplifier, which is intended for use with "around-the-amplifier" compensation. A MOS differential input stage provides for low input leakage current. The noninverting input to the error amplifier ( $V_{\text{REF}}$ ) is internally connected to the output of the reference supply and should be bypassed with a small capacitor to ground.

#### **Oscillator Section**

The oscillator consists of a ring of CMOS inverters, capacitors, and a capacitor discharge switch. Frequency is set by an

external resistor between the OSC IN and OSC OUT pins. (See Figure 5 for details of resistor value vs. frequency.) The DISCHARGE pin should be tied to  $-V_{\rm IN}$  for normal internal oscillator operation. A frequency divider in the logic section limits switch duty cycle to  $\leq$  50% by locking the switching frequency to one half of the oscillator frequency.

Remote synchronization is accomplished by capacitive coupling of a positive SYNC pulse into the OSC IN terminal. For a 5-V pulse amplitude and 0.5- $\mu$ s pulse width, typical values would be 100 pF in series with 3 k $\Omega$  to OSC IN.

### **SHUTDOWN** and RESET

SHUTDOWN and RESET are intended for overriding the output MOSFET switch via external control logic. The two inputs are fed through a latch preceding the output switch. Depending on the logic state of RESET, SHUTDOWN can be either a latched or unlatched input. The output is off whenever SHUTDOWN is low. By simultaneously having SHUTDOWN and RESET low, the latch is set and SHUTDOWN has no effect until RESET goes high. The truth table for these inputs is given in Table 1.

Both pins have internal current source pull-ups and should be left disconnected when not in use. An added feature of the current sources is the ability to connect a capacitor and an open-collector driver to the SHUTDOWN or RESET pins to provide variable shutdown time.

SHUTDOWN	RESET	Output
Н	н	Normal Operation
Н	1	Normal Operation (No Change)
L	н	Off (Not Latched)
L	L	Off (Latched)
L	L	Off (Latched, No Change)

# Table 1. Truth Table for the SHUTDOWN and RESET Pins

#### **Output Switch**

The output switch is a 5- $\Omega$ , 150-V lateral DMOS device. Like discrete MOSFETs, the switch contains an intrinsic body-drain diode. However, the body contact in the Si9100 is connected internally to  $-V_{IN}$  and is independent of the SOURCE.



### APPLICATIONS

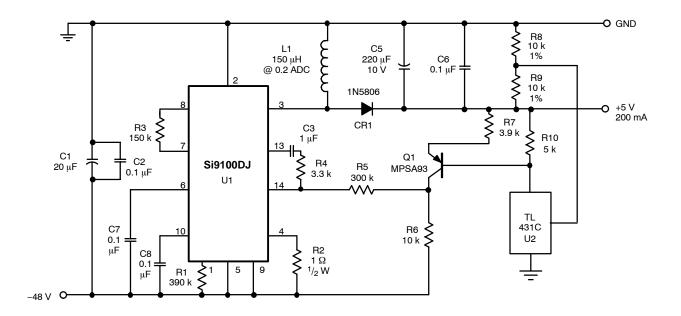


FIGURE 6. Buck-Boost, Non-Isolated 1-W Supply

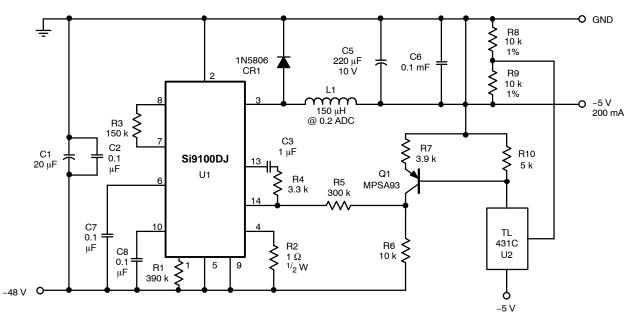
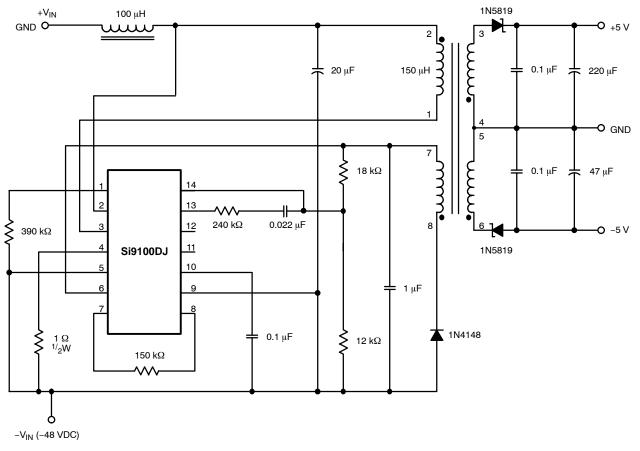


FIGURE 7. Non-Isolated 1-W Supply (Buck)

# Si9100 Vishay Siliconix





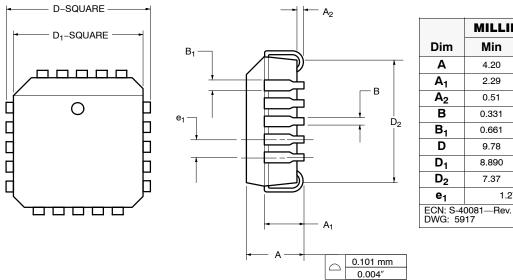


\* For additional information on using the Si9100 in telecommunications and ISDN power supplies, see AN713 and AN702.

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see <a href="http://www.vishay.com/pg270000">http://www.vishay.com/pg270000</a>.



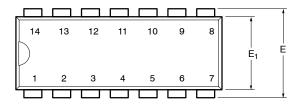
### PLCC: 20-LEAD (POWER IC ONLY)

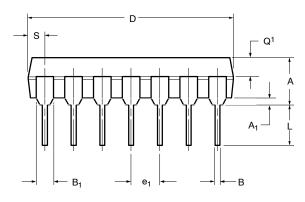


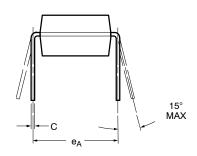
	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES		
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	4.20	4.57	0.165	0.180	
<b>A</b> <sub>1</sub>	2.29	3.04	0.090	0.120	
A <sub>2</sub>	0.51	-	0.020	-	
В	0.331	0.553	0.013	0.021	
B <sub>1</sub>	0.661	0.812	0.026	0.032	
D	9.78	10.03	0.385	0.395	
D <sub>1</sub>	8.890	9.042	0.350	0.356	
D <sub>2</sub>	7.37	8.38	0.290	0.330	
<b>e</b> <sub>1</sub>	1.27 BSC 0.050 BSC				
ECN: S-40081—Rev. A, 02-Feb-04 DWG: 5917					



### PDIP: 14-LEAD (POWER IC ONLY)







	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES
Dim	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	3.81	5.08	0.150	0.200
A <sub>1</sub>	0.38	1.27	0.015	0.050
В	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
B <sub>1</sub>	0.89	1.65	0.035	0.065
С	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
D	17.27	19.30	0.680	0.760
E	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325
E <sub>1</sub>	5.59	7.11	0.220	0.280
<b>e</b> <sub>1</sub>	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
e <sub>A</sub>	7.37	7.87	0.290	0.310
L	2.79	3.81	0.110	0.150
Q <sub>1</sub>	1.27	2.03	0.050	0.080
S	1.02	2.03	0.040	0.080
ECN: S-40081—Rev. A, 02-Feb-04 DWG: 5919				



Vishay

## Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Hyperlinks included in this datasheet may direct users to third-party websites. These links are provided as a convenience and for informational purposes only. Inclusion of these hyperlinks does not constitute an endorsement or an approval by Vishay of any of the products, services or opinions of the corporation, organization or individual associated with the third-party website. Vishay disclaims any and all liability and bears no responsibility for the accuracy, legality or content of the third-party website or for that of subsequent links.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.