

- **Designed for 433.92 MHz Superheterodyne Receiver LOs**
- **Very Low Series Resistance**
- **Quartz Stability**
- **Surface-mount Ceramic Case**
- **Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)**
- **Tape and Reel Standard per ANSI/EIA-481**
- **Moisture Sensitivity Level: 1**
- **AEC-Q200 Qualified**

The RO3112A is a one-port surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator packaged in a surface-mount ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode quartz frequency stabilization of local oscillators operating at 433.42 MHz. The RO3112A is designed for 433.92 MHz superheterodyne receivers with a 500 kHz IF (Philips UAA3201T). Applications include remote-control and wireless security receivers operating in Europe under ETSI EN 300 220-2.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

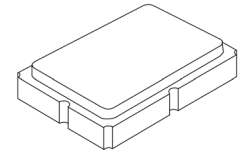
Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation (See Typical Test Circuit)	+0	dBm
DC Voltage Between Terminals (Observe ESD Precautions)	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum)	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic	Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency, +25 °C	Absolute Frequency	f_C	433.345		433.495	MHz
	Tolerance from 433.42 MHz	Δf_C			±75	kHz
Insertion Loss	IL			1.4	1.6	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q_U		8000		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L		1300		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T_O	10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f_O		f_C		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC		0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	$ f_A $		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			1.0			M Ω
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_M		18.6	25	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L_M		54.8		μ H
	Motional Capacitance	C_M		2.5		fF
	Transducer Static Capacitance	C_O		3.7		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L_{TEST}		36.8		nH
Lid Symbolization: YY = Year, WW, S = Shift			658, <u>YYWWS</u>			

RO3112A

**433.42 MHz
SAW
Resonator**



SM5035-4

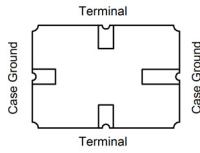
CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

NOTES:

1. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change.
2. US or International patents may apply.
3. RoHS compliant from the first date of manufacture.

Electrical Connections

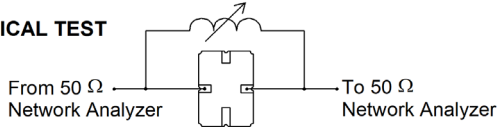
The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.



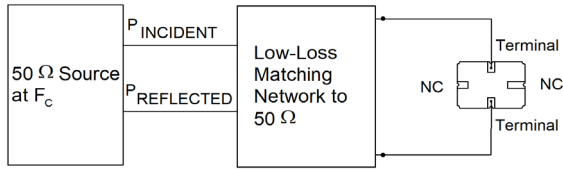
Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_O , at F_C .

ELECTRICAL TEST

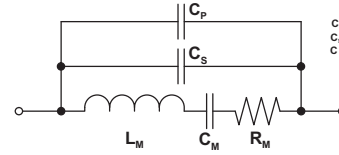


POWER TEST



$$CW \text{ RF Power Dissipation} = P_{INCIDENT} - P_{REFLECTED}$$

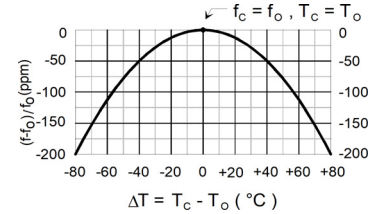
Equivalent RLC Model



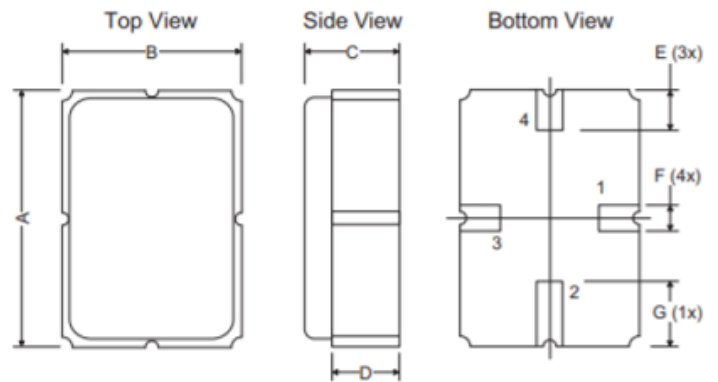
$C_P = 0.05 \text{ pF}$ (Case Parasitance)
 $C_S = \text{SAW Static Capacitance}$
 $C = C_S + C_P$

Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.

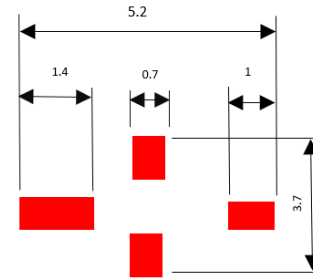
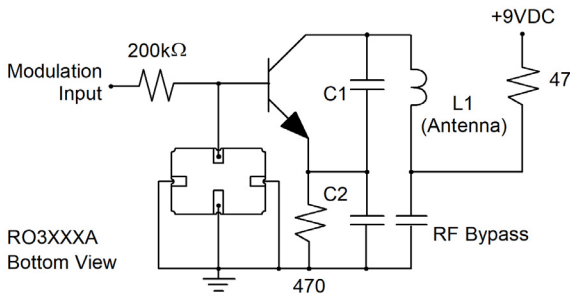


Case



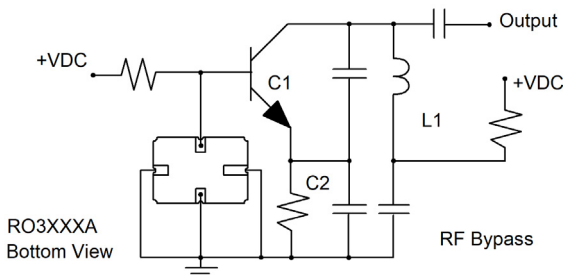
Typical Application Circuits

Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application



PCB Footprint

Typical Local Oscillator Applications



Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	4.87	5.00	5.13	0.191	0.196	0.201
B	3.37	3.50	3.63	0.132	0.137	0.142
C	1.45	1.53	1.60	0.057	0.060	0.062
D	1.35	1.43	1.50	0.040	0.057	0.059
E	0.67	0.80	0.93	0.026	0.031	0.036
F	0.37	0.50	0.63	0.014	0.019	0.024
G	1.07	1.20	1.33	0.042	0.047	0.052

Recommended Reflow Profile

1. Preheating shall be fixed at 150~180°C for 60~90 seconds.
2. Ascending time to preheating temperature 150°C shall be 30 seconds min.
3. Heating shall be fixed at 220°C for 50~80 seconds and at 260°C +0/-5°C peak (10 seconds).
4. Time: 5 times maximum.

