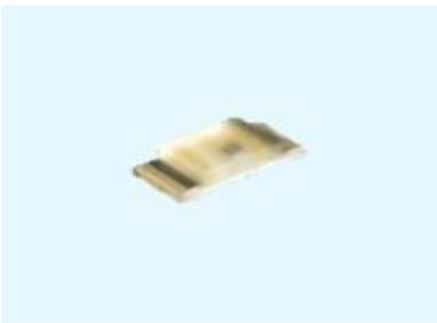


SMD ■ B 19-217/S2C-FM2P1VY/3T(DWN)



Features

- Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reel.
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- Mono-color type.
- Pb-free.
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.

Description

- The 19-217 SMD LED is much smaller than lead frame type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- Besides, lightweight makes them ideal for miniature applications. etc.

Applications

- Telecommunication: indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.
- Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol.
- General use.

Device Selection Guide

Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
AlGaInP	Brilliant Orange	Water Clear

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Forward Current	I_F	25	mA
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1KHz)	I_{FP}	60	mA
Power Dissipation	P_d	60	mW
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +90	°C
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD_{HBM}	2000	V
Soldering Temperature	T_{sol}	Reflow Soldering : 260 °C for 10 sec. Hand Soldering : 350 °C for 3 sec.	

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity	I_v	22.5	-----	57	mcd	$I_F=5mA$
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	-----	120	-----	deg	
Peak Wavelength	λ_p	-----	611	-----	nm	
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d	603	-----	609	nm	
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	$\Delta\lambda$	-----	17	-----	nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	1.7	-----	2.2	V	$V_R=5V$
Reverse Current	I_R	-----	-----	10	μA	

Note:

1. Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: $\pm 11\%$
2. Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: $\pm 1nm$
3. Tolerance of Forward Voltage $\pm 0.05V$

Bin Range of Luminous Intensity

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
M2	22.5	28.5	mcd	I _F =5mA
N1	28.5	36.0		
N2	36.0	45.0		
P1	45.0	57.0		

Note:
 Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%

Bin Range of Dominant Wavelength

Group	Bin	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
F	EE1	603.0	606.0	nm	I _F =5mA
	EE2	606.0	609.0		

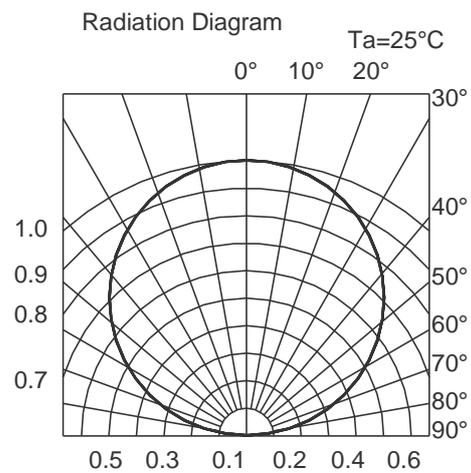
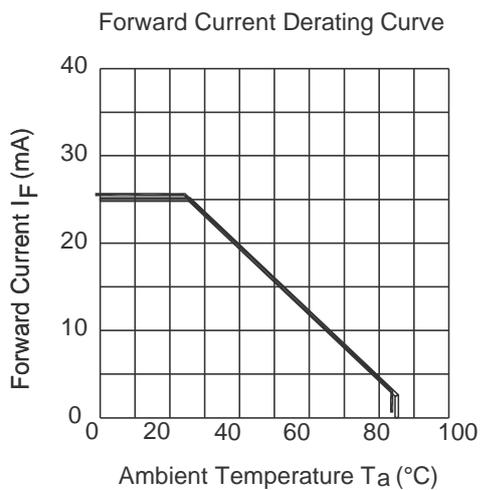
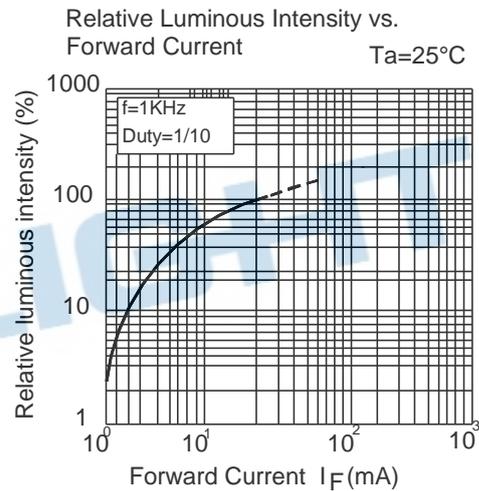
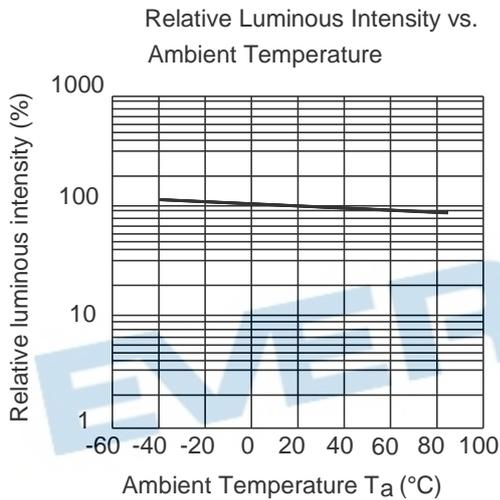
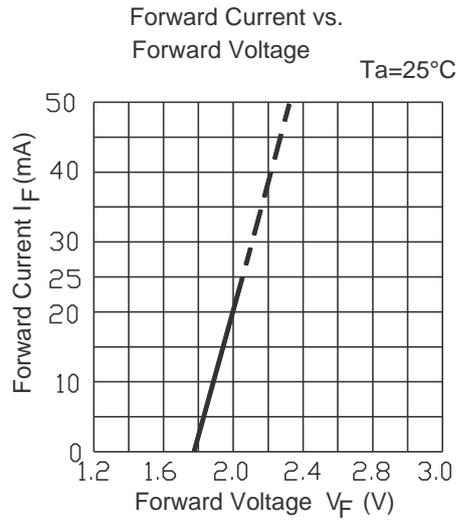
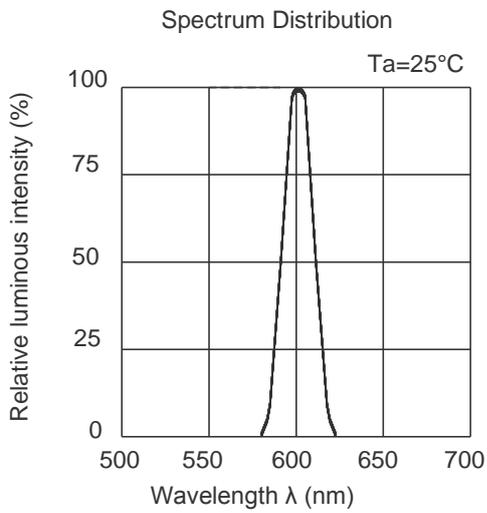
Notes:
 Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm

Bin Range Of Forward Voltage

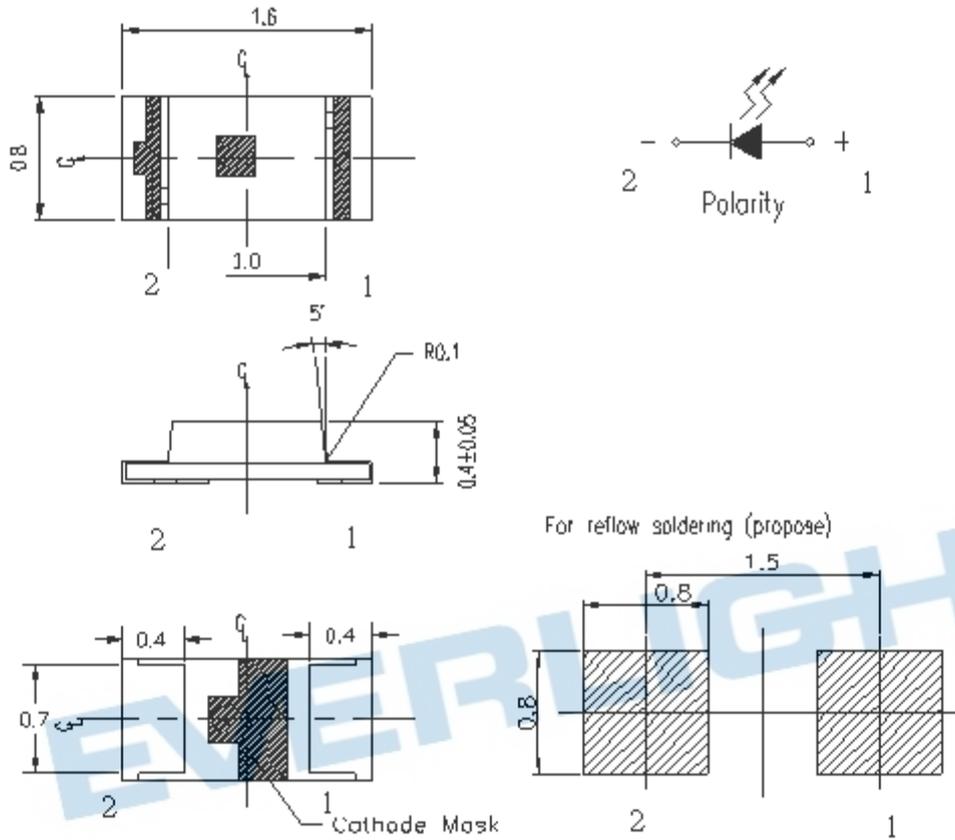
Group	Bin	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
V	19	1.70	1.80	V	I _F =5mA
	20	1.80	1.90		
	21	1.90	2.00		
	22	2.00	2.10		
	23	2.10	2.20		

Note:
 Tolerance of Forward Voltage ±0.05V.

Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves



Package Dimension



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm ,Unit = mm

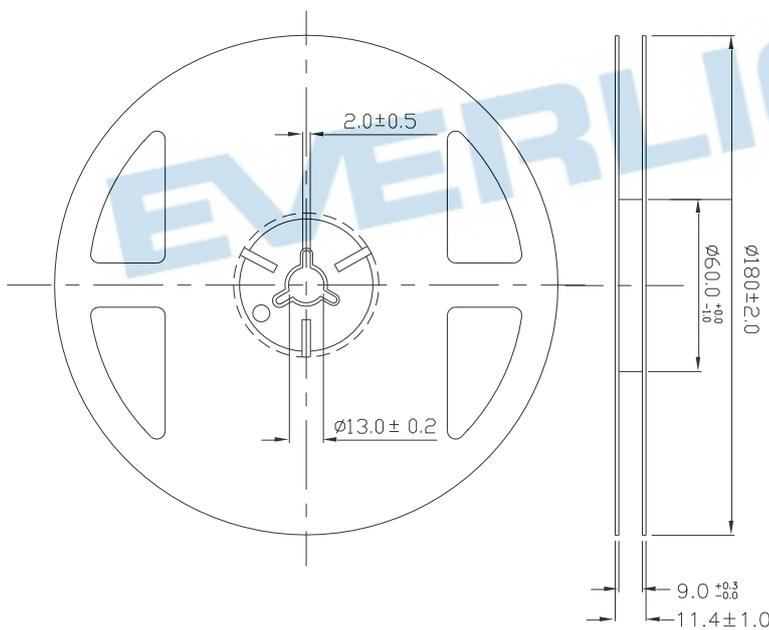
Moisture Resistant Packing Materials

Label Explanation



- CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
- HUE: Dom.Wavelength Rank
- REF: Forward Voltage Rank

Reel Dimensions



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$,Unit = mm

Precautions For Use

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.

2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less.

2.3 After opening the package: The LED's floor life is 1 year under 30°C or less and 60% RH or less.

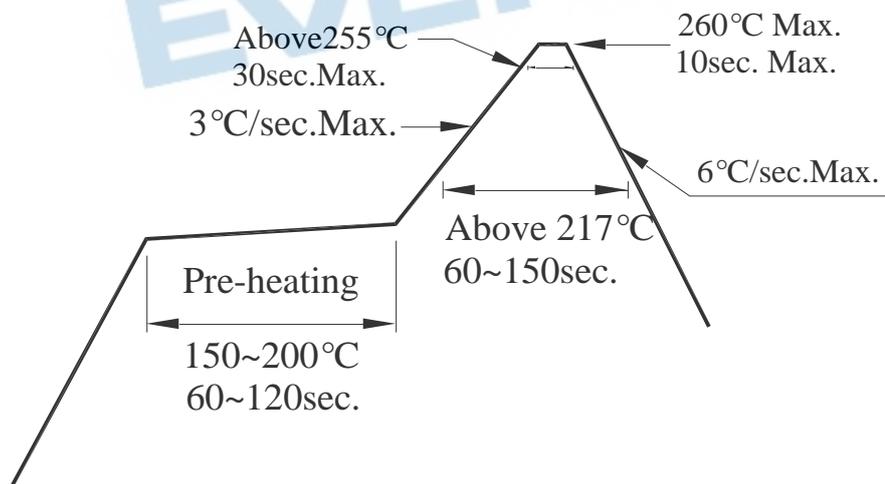
If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.

2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.

Baking treatment : 60±5°C for 24 hours.

3. Soldering Condition

3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

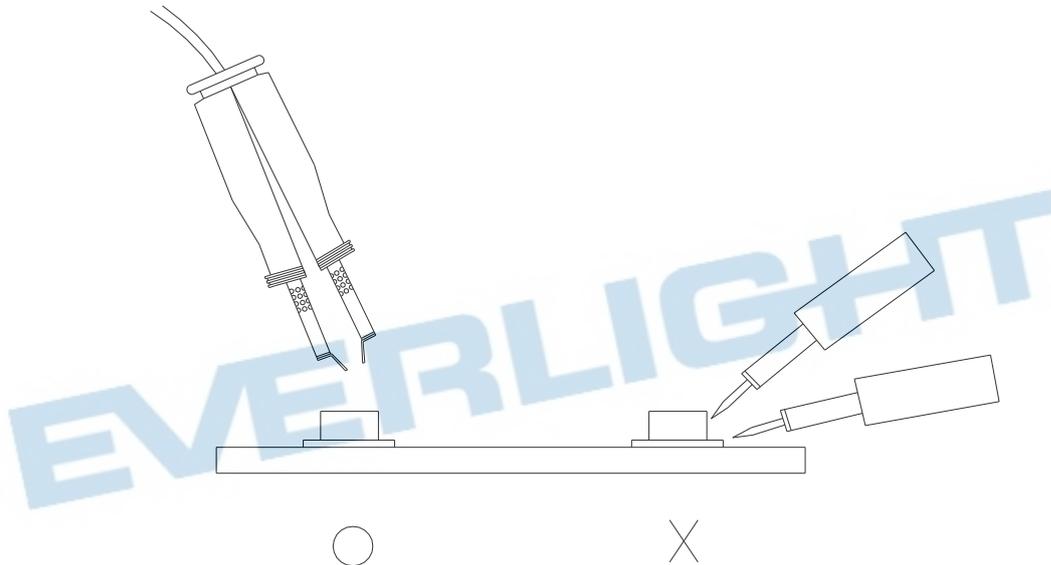
3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board

4.Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5.Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



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