

## Low phase noise Fundamental Quartz Crystal Oscillator IC

### ■FEATURES( $V_{DD}=3.3V$ , $f=49.152MHz$ , $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ )

- Oscillation Frequency 20MHz to 50MHz(Fundamental)
- Phase noise -103dBc/Hz(Typ.) @10Hz Offset  
-163dBc/Hz(Typ.) @1kHz Offset
- RMS Jitter 0.05psec(Typ.) @12kHz to 20MHz
- Operating Voltage 1.62V to 3.63V
- Operating Current 3.1mA(Typ.) @49.152MHz,  $C_L=15pF$
- Built In Divider  $f_0, f_0/2$  ( Factory set )
- Stand-by Function ( CONT Terminal: L)  
Oscillation Stop and High Impedance  $F_{OUT}$  terminal.
- 3-State Output Buffer
- Built-in Variable Pull-up Resistance ( CONT: Pull-up Resistance large at the Stand-by mode.)
- Oscillation Capacitors  $C_g$  and  $C_d$
- Operation Temperature  $-40^{\circ}C$  to  $125^{\circ}C$
- Package Outline Die / 8-inch wafer

### ■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJU6222 series is a C-MOS quartz crystal oscillator IC (20MHz to 50MHz) realized very low phase noise. It is consisted of an oscillation amplifier, divider ( $f_0, f_0/2$ ), and 3-state output buffer.

There are 2-type of pad location for Flip chip and Wire bonding that apply SMD's 2016-package and more miniature. The NJU6222 in low voltage operation features low phase noise, it is suitable for high quality Hi-Fi sound device, Communication device, and others by battery drive.

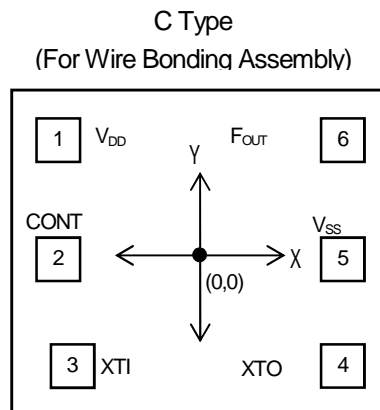
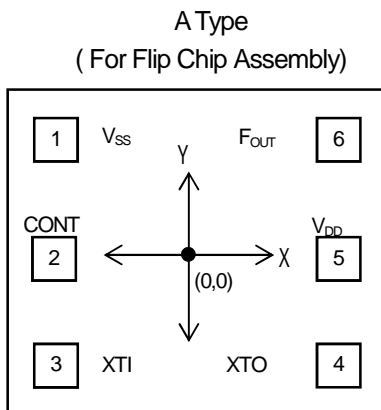
### ■APPLICATION

- Low Noise Crystal Oscillator

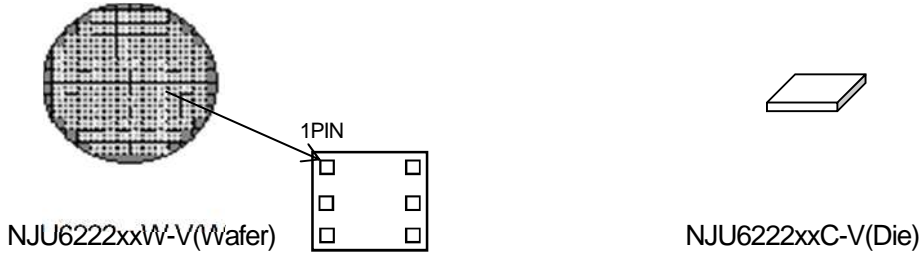
### ■LINE-UP TABLE

Type No	$F_{OUT}$	Version	
		Type A	Type C
NJU6222	$f_0$	A1	C1
	$f_0/2$	A2	C2

### ■PAD LOCATION



## ■PACKAGE OUTLINE

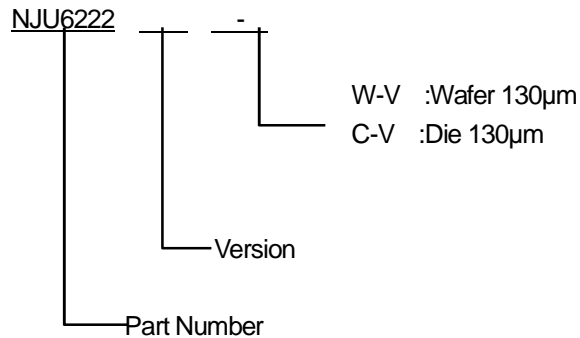


## ■CORDINATES

Pad No.	X	Y
1	-174	190
2	-186	0
3	-174	-190
4	174	-190
5	186	0
6	174	190

Starting Point: Die Center Unit[ $\mu\text{m}$ ]  
 Die Size: 0.580x0.588mm  
 Die Thickness (C-V):  $130 \pm 15\mu\text{m}$   
 Wafer Thickness (W-V):  $130 \pm 20\mu\text{m}$   
 Pad size: 80x80 $\mu\text{m}$   
 Die Substrate:  $V_{SS}$  level

## ■PRODUCT NUMBER



## ■ORDER INFORMATION

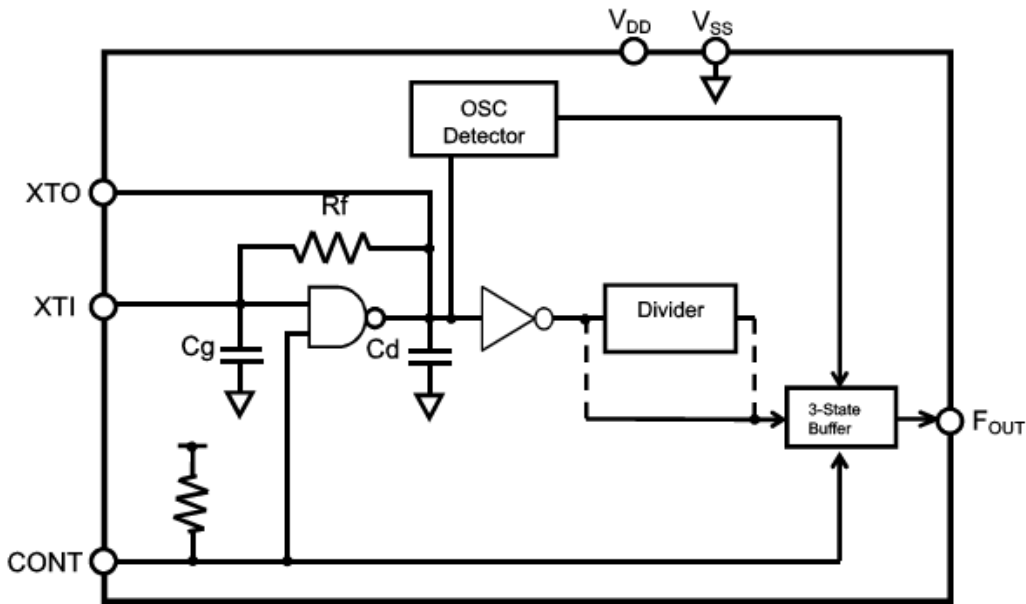
TYPE No.	OUT LINE	MOQ
NJU6222 A x W -V	Wafer	1Wafer (Around 75000pcs)
NJU6222 C x W -V		
NJU6222 A x C - V	Die	75000pcs (5000pcs x 15pack)
NJU6222 C x C - V		5000pcs/pack

## ■TERMINAL DISCREPTION

SYMBOL	FUNCTION
CONT	Oscillation and 3-state Output Buffer Control
	CONT $F_{OUT}$
	H or OPEN      Output one frequency selected out of $f_0$ and $f_0/2$ (Note1)
	L      Oscillation Stop and High impedance Output
XTI	Quartz Crystal Connection terminals
XTO	
$V_{SS}$	GND terminal ( $V_{SS}=0V$ )
$F_{OUT}$	Frequency Output terminal (3-State Output Buffer)
$V_{DD}$	Power Supply terminal $V_{DD}=1.62$ to $3.63V$

Note 1) Refer to the line-up table.

## ■BLOCK DIAGRAM



## ■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-0.6 to 6.0	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.6 to $+V_{DD}+0.6$ and 6.0V	V
Output Voltage	$V_O$	-0.6 to $V_{DD}+0.6$	V
Input Current	$I_{IN}$	$\pm 10$	mA
Output Terminal Current	$I_O$	$\pm 25$	mA
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	- 55 to 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note2) If the LSI used condition above the absolute maximum ratings, the LSI may be destroyed. Use beyond the electric characteristics conditions will cause mal-function and poor reliability.

## ■RECOMMEND OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.62 to 3.63	V
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{opr}$		-40 to 125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	CONT	0 to 3.63	V
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$F_{OUT}$	0 to $V_{DD}$	V
Output Frequency	$df/f$	$V_{DD}\pm 10\%$	$\pm 1$	ppm

## ■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{DD}=1.62$  to  $3.63V$ ,  $V_{SS}=0V$ ,  $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Operating Current	$I_{DD}$	x1 version ( $f_0$ ) No load TEST CIRCUIT (1) <sup>(3)</sup> $f_0=49.152MHz$ $F_{out}=49.152MHz$	$V_{DD}=1.8V$	-	1.8	2.9	mA
			$V_{DD}=2.5V$	-	3.3	4.8	
			$V_{DD}=3.3V$	-	5.5	7.7	
		x2 version ( $f_0/2$ ) No load TEST CIRCUIT (1) <sup>(3)</sup> $f_0=49.152MHz$ $F_{out}=24.576MHz$	$V_{DD}=1.8V$	-	1.4	2.4	
			$V_{DD}=2.5V$	-	2.7	4.1	
			$V_{DD}=3.3V$	-	4.8	6.6	
		x1 version ( $f_0$ ) $C_L=15pF$ TEST CIRCUIT (1) <sup>(3)</sup> $f_0=49.152MHz$ $F_{out}=49.152MHz$	$V_{DD}=1.8V$	-	3.1	4.1	
			$V_{DD}=2.5V$	-	5.1	6.6	
			$V_{DD}=3.3V$	-	7.9	9.9	
		x2 version $C_L=15pF$ TEST CIRCUIT (1) <sup>(3)</sup> $f_0=49.152MHz$ $F_{out}=24.576MHz$	$V_{DD}=1.8V$	-	2.0	3.0	
			$V_{DD}=2.5V$	-	3.6	4.9	
			$V_{DD}=3.3V$	-	5.9	7.7	
Stand-by Current	$I_{STB}$	TEST CIRCUIT(1) <sup>(3)</sup> CONT= $V_{SS}$	$V_{DD}=1.8V$	-	3.0	25.0	$\mu A$
			$V_{DD}=2.5V$	-	5.0	30.0	
			$V_{DD}=3.3V$	-	9.0	35.0	
H Level Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	TEST CIRCUIT(2) <sup>(3)</sup>	$V_{DD}-0.4$	-	-	V	
L Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	TEST CIRCUIT(2) <sup>(3)</sup>	-	-	0.4	V	
H Level Input Voltage	$V_{IH}$	TEST CIRCUIT(3) <sup>(3)</sup>	$0.7V_{DD}$	-	-	V	
L Level Input Voltage	$V_{IL}$	TEST CIRCUIT(3) <sup>(3)</sup>	-	-	$0.3V_{DD}$	V	
Input Current	$I_{IN}$	TEST CIRCUIT(4) <sup>(3)</sup> , $V_{DD}=1.62V$ , CONT= $V_{DD}$	-	-	0.065	$\mu A$	
		TEST CIRCUIT(4) <sup>(3)</sup> , $V_{DD}=1.62V$ , CONT= $V_{SS}$	-	-	-0.5		
		TEST CIRCUIT(4) <sup>(3)</sup> , $V_{DD}=3.63V$ , CONT= $V_{DD}$	-	-	0.150		
		TEST CIRCUIT(4) <sup>(3)</sup> , $V_{DD}=3.63V$ , CONT= $V_{SS}$	-10	-	-		
3-state off leakage current	$I_{OZ}$	TEST CIRCUIT(5) <sup>(3)</sup> , $F_{OUT}=V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$	-	-	$\pm 0.1$	$\mu A$	

( $V_{DD}=1.62$  to  $3.63V$ ,  $V_{SS}=0V$ ,  $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ )

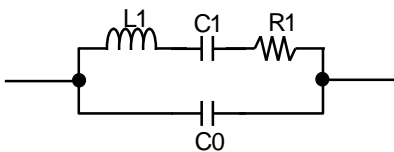
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Feedback Resistance	Rf		-	50	-	k	
Built-In Oscillator Capacitance	Cg	$f_{OSC}=50MHz$	-	8	-	pF	
	Cd	$f_{OSC}=50MHz$	-	17	-	pF	
Oscillation Frequency	F <sub>OSC</sub>	Recommendation <sup>(5)</sup>	-	-	50	MHz	
Output Signal Symmetry	SYM	$C_L=15pF$ , @ $V_{DD}/2$	45	50	55	%	
Phase Noise	SSB	x1 version ( $f_0$ ) $f_{OSC}=49.152MHz$ $V_{DD}=1.8V$	10Hz Offset	-	-103	-	dBc /Hz
			1kHz Offset	-	-158	-	
			Floor	-	-166	-	
		x1 version ( $f_0$ ) $f_{OSC}=49.152MHz$ $V_{DD}=3.3V$	10Hz Offset	-	-103	-	
			1kHz Offset	-	-163	-	
			Floor	-	-172	-	
Output Signal rise Time	tr	TEST CIRCUIT(1) <sup>(3)</sup> $0.1V_{DD}$ to $0.9V_{DD}$	$V_{DD}=1.8V$	-	3.1	4.7	ns
			$V_{DD}=2.5V$	-	1.8	2.7	ns
			$V_{DD}=3.3V$	-	1.3	2.0	ns
Output Signal fall Time	tf	TEST CIRCUIT(1) <sup>(3)</sup> $0.9V_{DD}$ to $0.1V_{DD}$	$V_{DD}=1.8V$	-	2.8	4.2	ns
			$V_{DD}=2.5V$	-	1.8	2.7	ns
			$V_{DD}=3.3V$	-	1.4	2.1	ns
Output Disable Time	t <sub>POZ</sub>	TEST CIRCUIT (6) <sup>(3)</sup>	-	-	200	ns	
Output Enable Time	t <sub>PZO</sub>	TEST CIRCUIT (6) <sup>(3)</sup>	-	-	1.0	ms	
Oscillation Start Up Time	t <sub>OSC</sub>	TEST CIRCUIT (1) <sup>(3)</sup>	-	-	1.0	ms	

Note 3) Decoupling capacitor over than  $0.01\mu F$  ceramic capacitor should be connected between  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  due to the stabilized operation for the circuit.

Note 4) The Phase noise characteristics is applied to NJU6222A1/C1 ( $f_0$ ).

Note 5) NJR's standard crystal is used for measurement of the oscillation frequency range and it does not guarantee oscillation. (Refer to EXAMPLE OF CRYSTAL PARAMETERS FOR MEASUREMENT CIRCUITS)

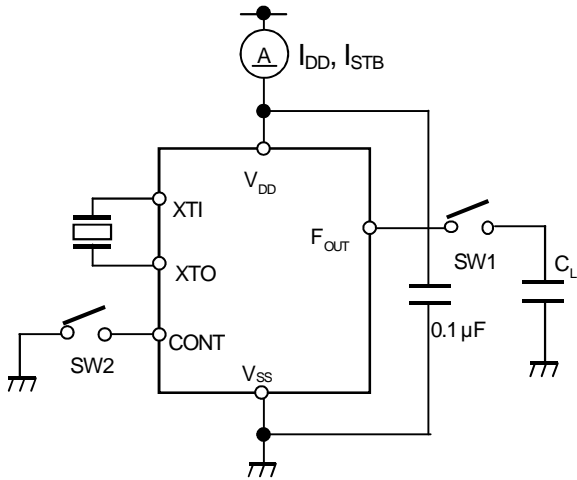
### EXAMPLE OF CRYSTAL PARAMETERS FOR MEASUREMENT CIRCUITS



f[MHz]	R1[Ω]	L1[mH]	C1[fF]	C0[pF]
49.152	17.7	3.83	2.74	1.23

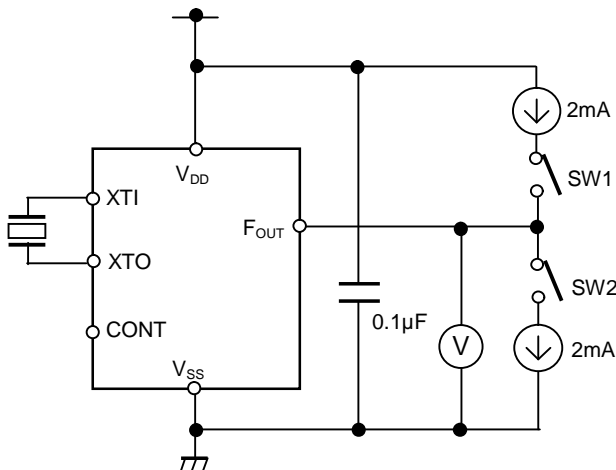
## ■ TYPICAL TEST CIRCUIT

(1) Operating Current, Stand-by Current, Output Signal Symmetry, Output Signal rise / Fall Time, Oscillation Start-Up Time



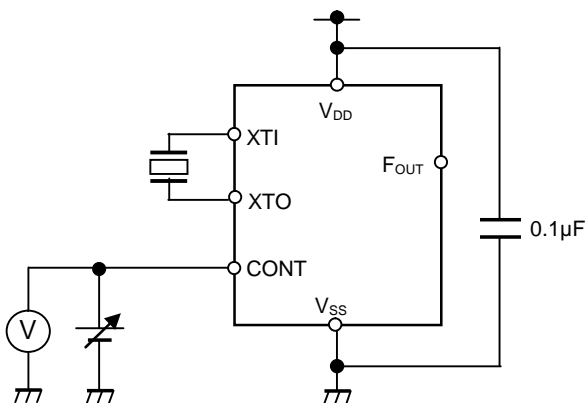
PARAMETER	SW1	SW2
$I_{DD}$ ( $C_L=0pF$ )	OFF	OFF
$I_{DD}$ ( $C_L=15pF$ )	ON	OFF
$I_{STB}$	ON or OFF	ON
SYM, tr, tf	ON	OFF
$t_{osc}$	ON	OFF

(2) High-level / Low-level Output Voltage ( $V_{OH}$  /  $V_{OL}$ )



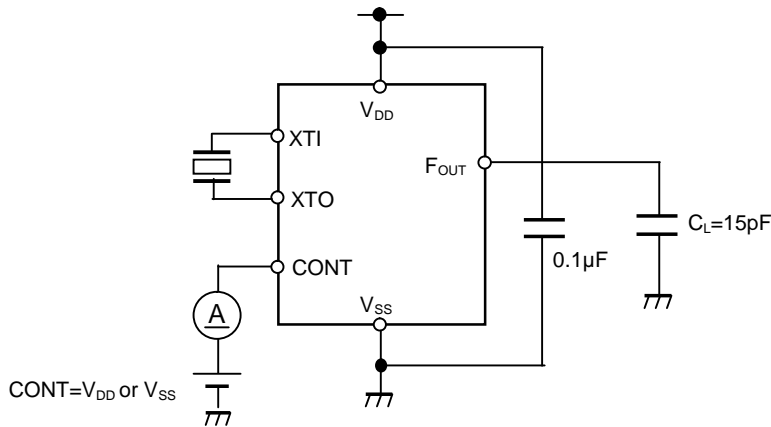
PARAMETER	SW1	SW2
$V_{OH}$	ON	OFF
$V_{OL}$	OFF	ON

(3) High-level / Low-level Input Voltage ( $V_{IH}$  /  $V_{IL}$ )

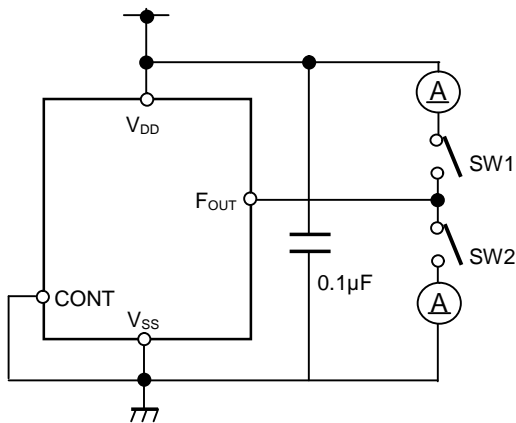


PARAMETER	$F_{out}$
$CONT > 0.7V_{DD}$	Oscillation
$CONT < 0.3V_{DD}$	Stop

### (4) Input Current ( $I_{IN}$ )

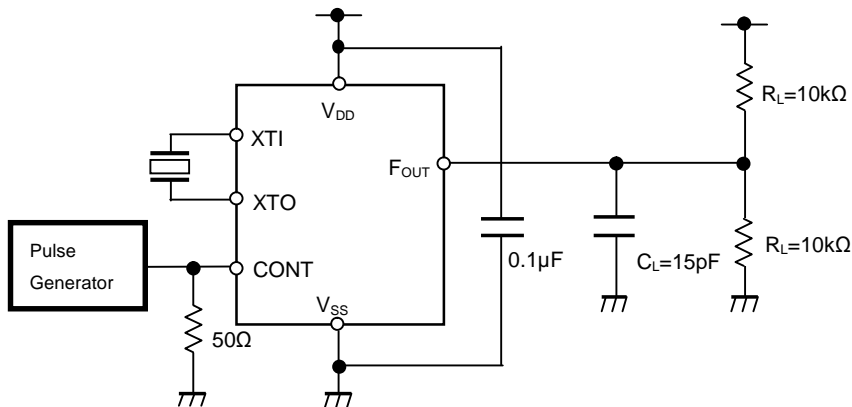


### (5) 3-State Off Leakage Current ( $I_{IOZ}$ )



PARAMETER	SW1	SW2
$I_{OZH}$	ON	OFF
$I_{OZL}$	OFF	ON

### (6) Output Disable Time, Output Enable Time ( $T_{POZ}/T_{PZO}$ )



## ■TIMING CHART

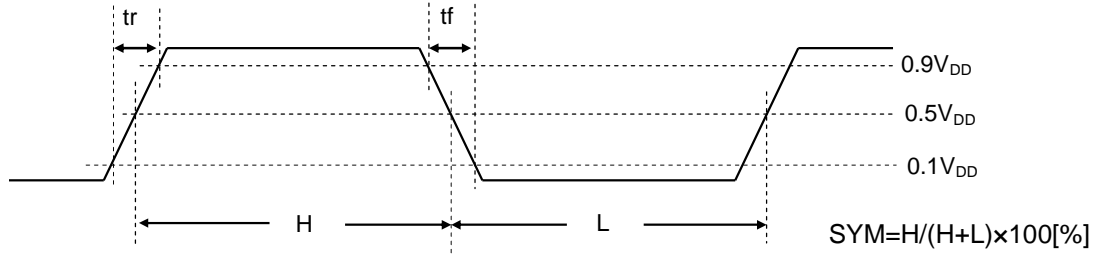


Fig.1 Output Signal Rise Time:  $t_r$ , Output Signal Fall Time:  $t_f$ , Output Symmetry: SYM

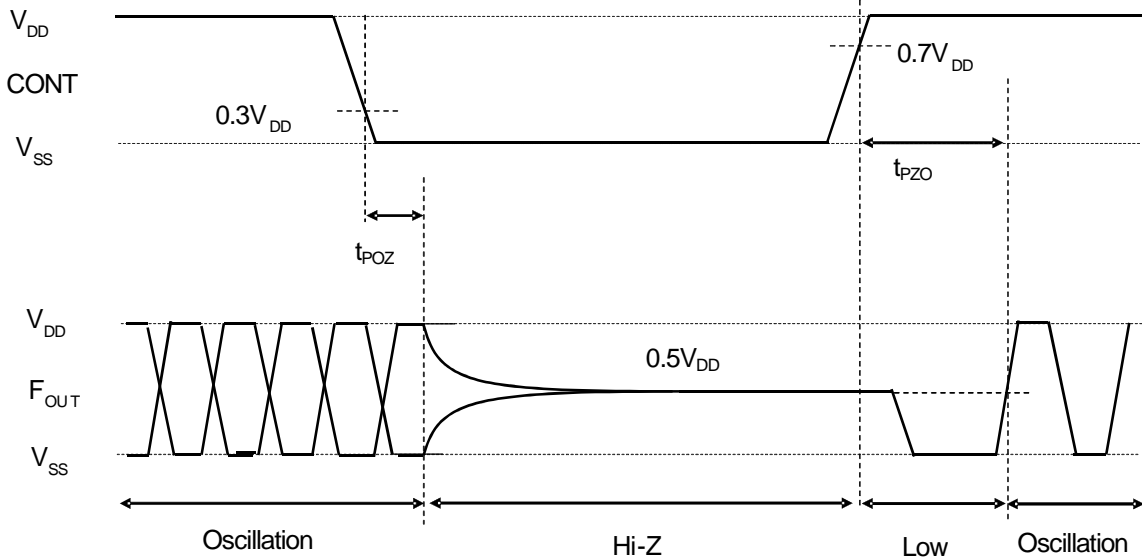


Fig.2 Output Disable time:  $t_{POZ}$ , Output Enable time:  $t_{PZO}$ , Timing Chart

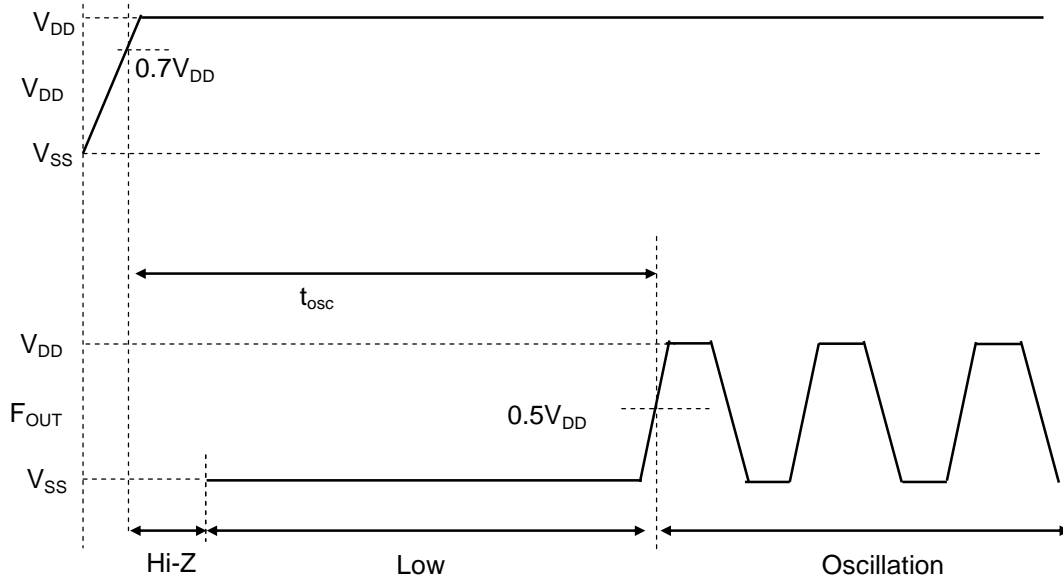
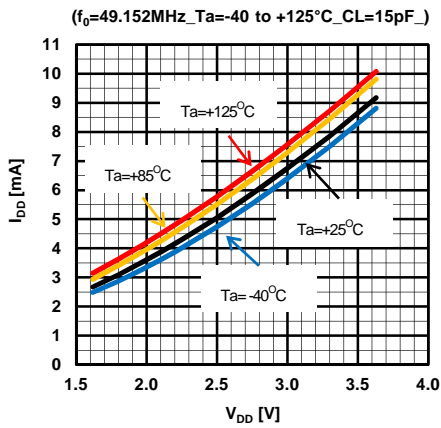


Fig.3 Oscillation Start time:  $t_{osc}$

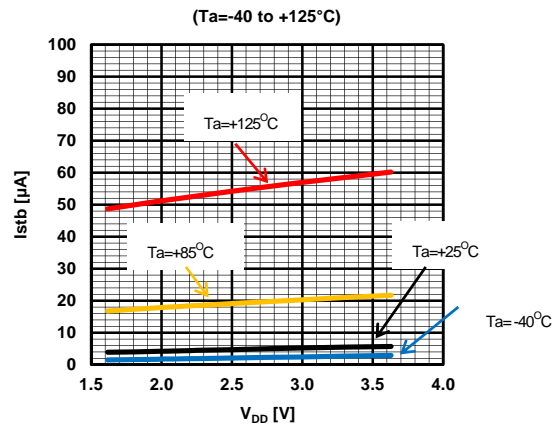


## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

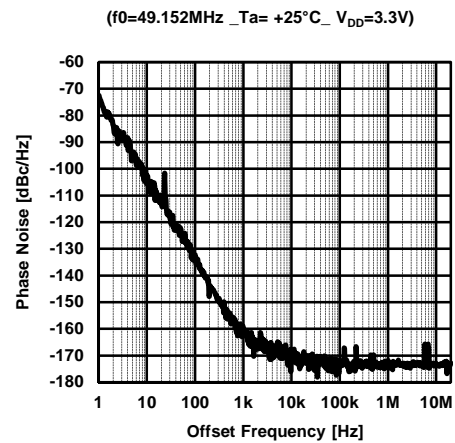
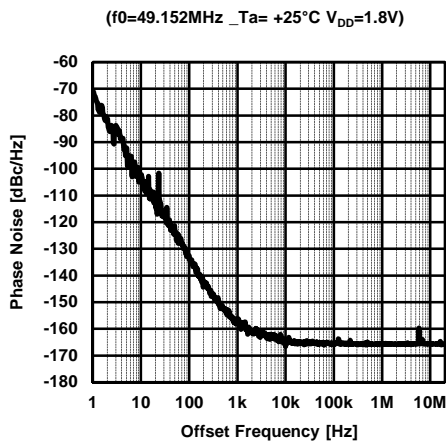
### • Operation Current



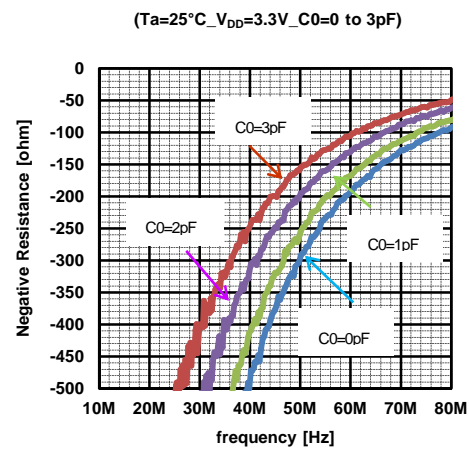
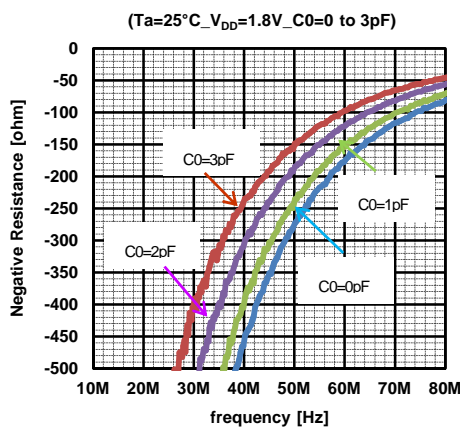
### • Stand-by Current



### • Phase Noise

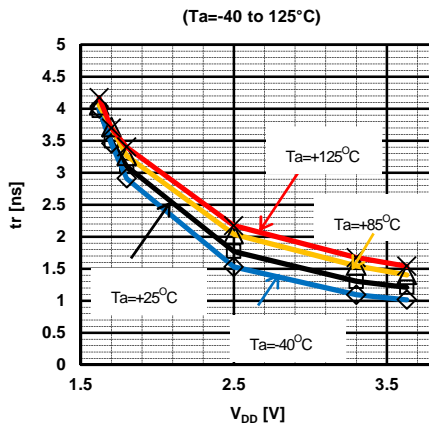


### • Negative Resistance

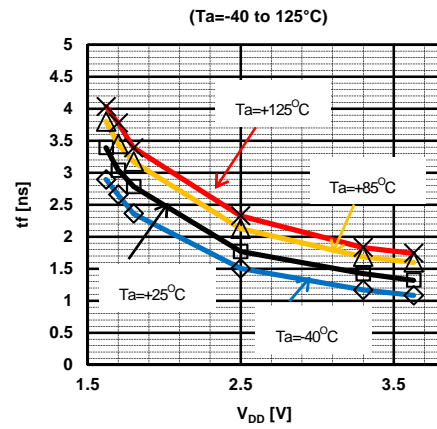


Note; A negative resistance 3 to 5 times the equivalent series resistance is said to be required for sufficient oscillation margin.

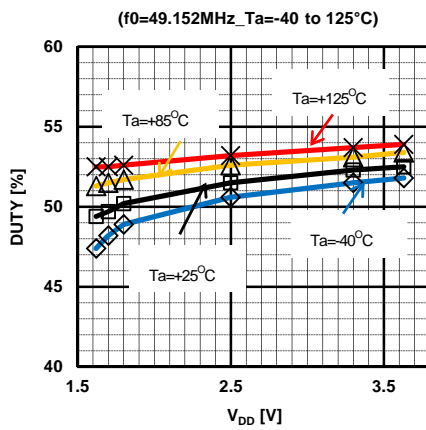
• Output Signal rise Time



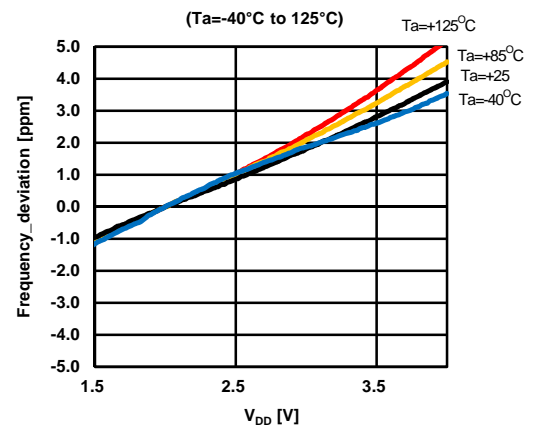
• Output Signal fall Time



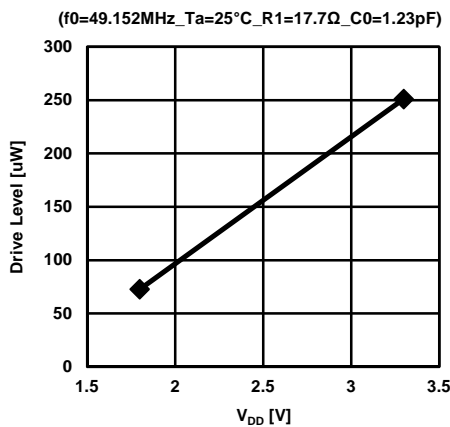
• Output Signal Symmetry



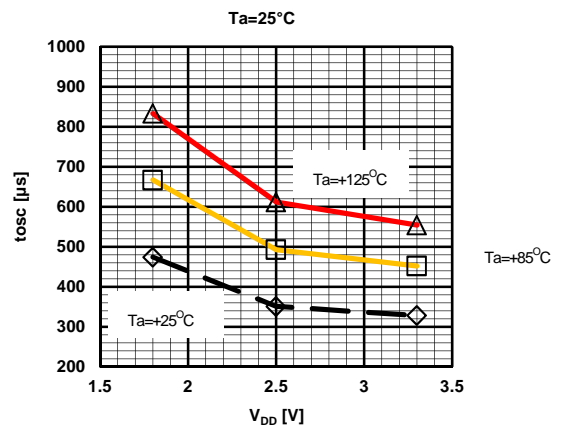
• Output Frequency Stability



• Drive Level



• Oscillation Start-Up Time



## ■Application Note

### ■FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

#### •Standby Function

When CONT Terminal is “Low”, the F<sub>OUT</sub> Terminal output is High impedance.

CONT	F <sub>OUT</sub>	Oscillator
High(Open)	Frequency output	Normal operation
Low	High impedance	Stop

When not using Stand-by function, CONT terminal is recommended to connect to V<sub>DD</sub>.

#### •Built-in Variable Pull-up Resistance of CONT terminal

The built-in pull-up resistance value of CONT Terminal changes in response to the input level. When CONT is “Low” level, the pull-up resistance value is large to reduce the current consumption by the resistance. When CONT is open or connected to V<sub>DD</sub>, the pull-up resistance value is small to decrease the input susceptibility to external noise. It works to prevent an unexpectedly stopping of the output by external noise.

#### •VIRSION DISCRIMINATION INTERNAL COMPONENTS

PAD layout version of the NJU6222 series is determined by the version name in chip. Divide version of the NJU6222 series is determined by the internal fuse trimming.

Laser-trimmed versions are identified externally by the combination of the version name marking (1) and the locations of trimmed fuses (2). (Table 1 shows the chip version identification)

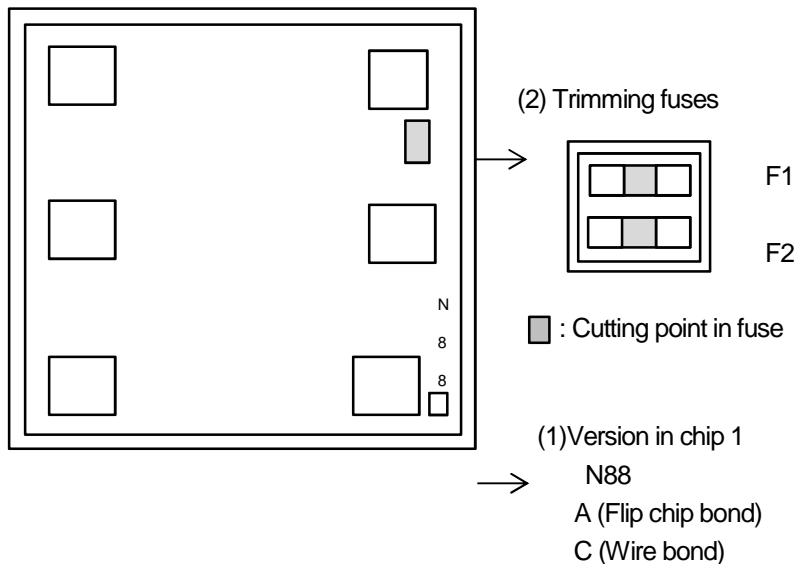


Table 1: Frequency version and Cutting point in fuse.

Version name	Mask / Version set by trimming fuses		
	Mask Version	Trimming fuses	
		F1	F2
NJU6222A1	A	-	-
NJU6222A2	A	*	-
NJU6222C1	C	-	-
NJU6222C2	C	*	-

Note 1) “-”: Uncut, “\*”: Cutting

## [ CAUTION ]

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  - Power Generator Control Equipment (Nuclear, steam, hydraulic, etc.)
  - Life Maintenance Medical Equipment
  - Fire Alarms / Intruder Detectors
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