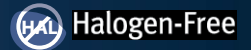


EPC8009 – Enhancement Mode Power Transistor

 $V_{DS}, 65\text{ V}$ $R_{DS(on)}, 130\text{ m}\Omega$ $I_D, 4\text{ A}$ 

Gallium Nitride's exceptionally high electron mobility and low temperature coefficient allows very low $R_{DS(on)}$, while its lateral device structure and majority carrier diode provide exceptionally low Q_G and zero Q_{RR} . The end result is a device that can handle tasks where very high switching frequency, and low on-time are beneficial as well as those where on-state losses dominate.

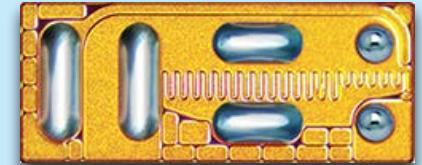
Maximum Ratings			
PARAMETER		VALUE	UNIT
V_{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage (Continuous)	65	V
	Drain-to-Source Voltage (up to 10,000 5 ms pulses at 125°C)	78	
I_D	Continuous ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_{\theta JA} = 33^\circ\text{C/W}$)	4	A
	Pulsed (25°C , $T_{PULSE} = 300\ \mu\text{s}$)	7.5	
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	6	V
	Gate-to-Source Voltage	-4	
T_J	Operating Temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-40 to 150	

Thermal Characteristics			
PARAMETER		TYP	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	8.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Board	16	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1)	82	

Note 1: $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined with the device mounted on one square inch of copper pad, single layer 2 oz copper on FR4 board. See https://epc-co.com/epc/documents/product-training/Appnote_Thermal_Performance_of_eGaN_FETs.pdf for details

Static Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)						
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_D = 125\ \mu\text{A}$	65			V
I_{DSS}	Drain-Source Leakage	$V_{DS} = 52\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		50	100	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	$V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$		100	500	μA
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	$V_{GS} = -4\text{ V}$		50	100	
$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 0.25\text{ mA}$	0.8	1.4	2.5	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_D = 0.5\text{ A}$		90	130	$\text{m}\Omega$
V_{SD}	Source-Drain Forward Voltage	$I_S = 0.5\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		2.2		V

Specifications are with substrate connected to source where applicable.



EPC8009 eGaN FETs are supplied only in passivated die form with solder bars
Die Size: 2.1 mm x 0.85 mm

Applications

- Ultra High Speed DC-DC Conversion
- RF Envelope Tracking
- Wireless Power Transfer
- Game Console and Industrial Movement Sensing (Lidar)

Benefits

- Ultra High Efficiency
- Ultra Low $R_{DS(on)}$
- Ultra Low Q_G
- Ultra Small Footprint



Dynamic Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 32.5\text{ V}$		45	52	pF
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance			19	28	
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			0.5	0.8	
R_G	Gate Resistance			0.3		Ω
Q_G	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 32.5\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 1\text{ A}$		370	450	pC
Q_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Charge			120		
Q_{GD}	Gate-to-Drain Charge			55	94	
$Q_{G(TH)}$	Gate Charge at Threshold			96		
Q_{OSS}	Output Charge	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 32.5\text{ V}$		940	1400	
Q_{RR}	Source-Drain Recovery Charge			0		

Specifications are with substrate connected to source where applicable.

Figure 1: Typical Output Characteristics at 25°C

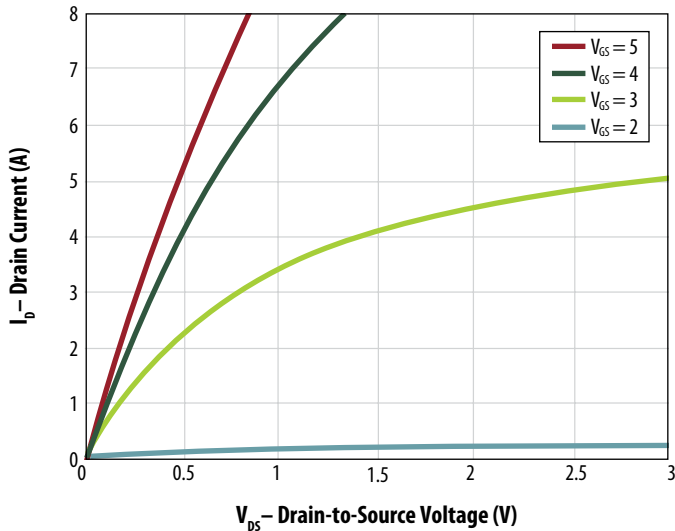


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

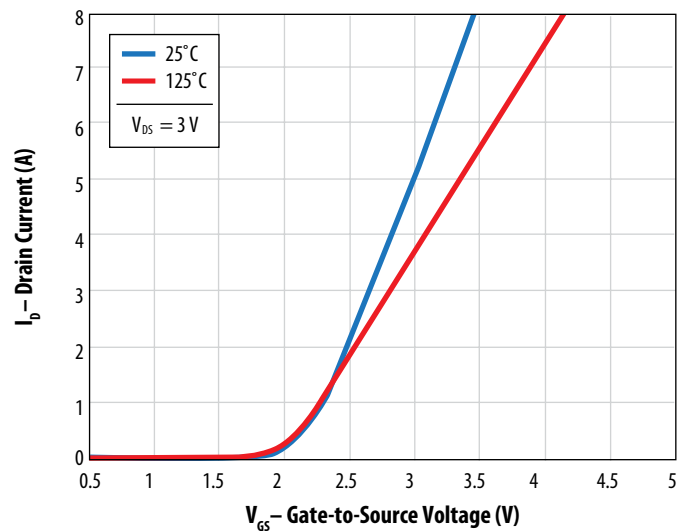


Figure 3: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. V_{GS} for Various Drain Currents

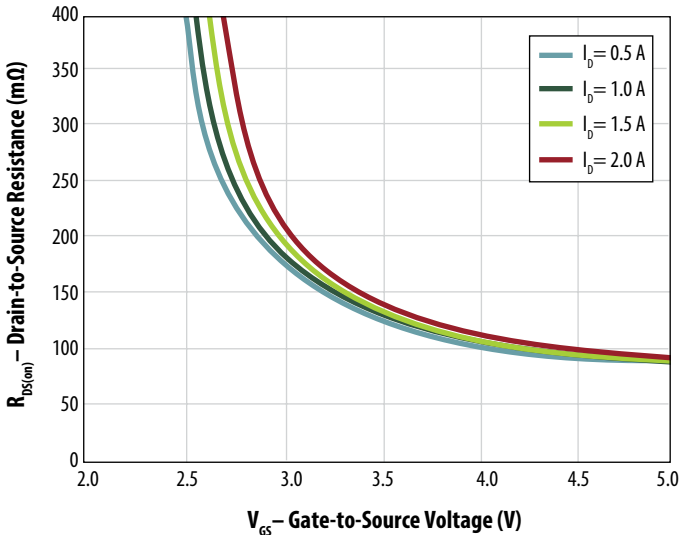


Figure 4: $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. V_{GS} for Various Temperatures

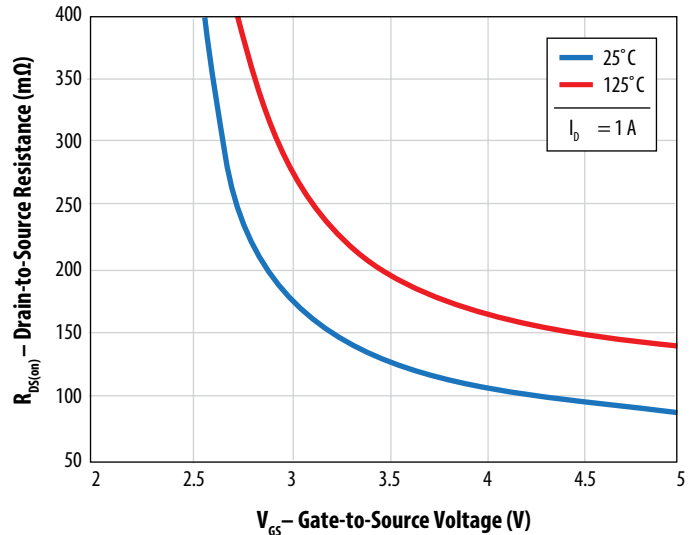


Figure 5: Capacitance (Linear Scale)

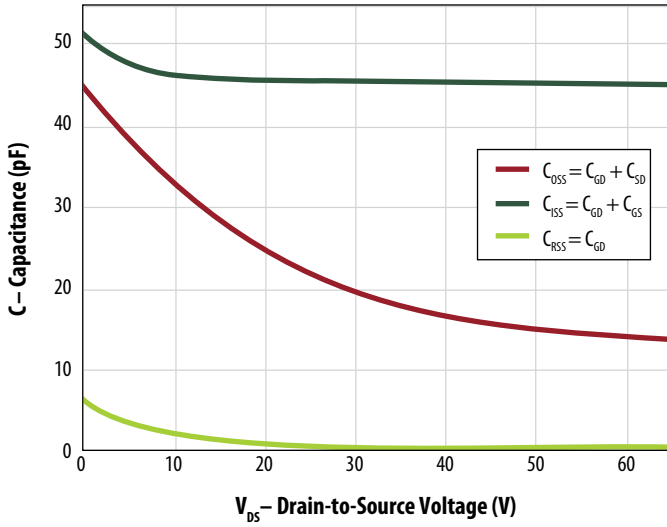


Figure 5A: Capacitance (Log Scale)

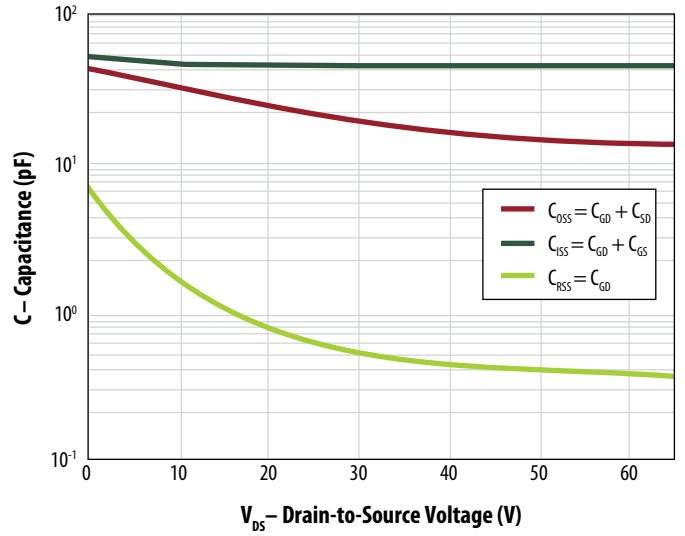


Figure 6: Gate Charge

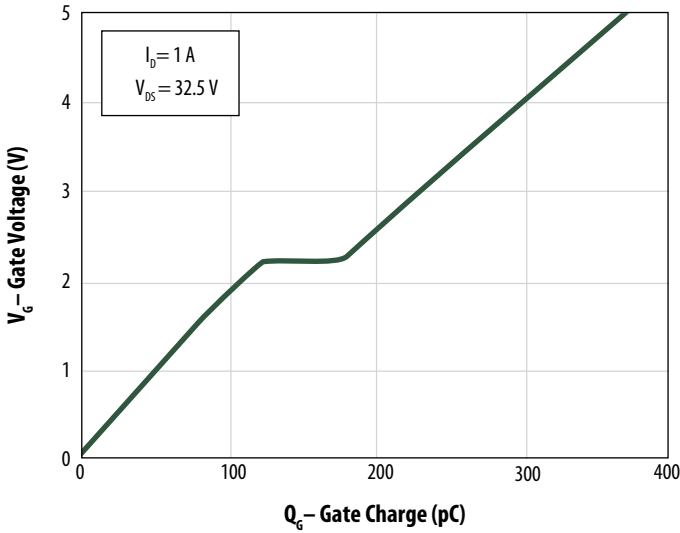


Figure 7: Reverse Drain-Source Characteristics

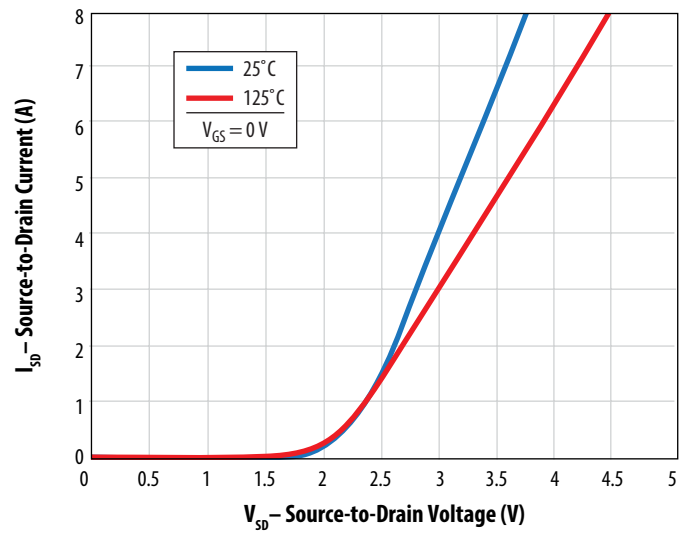


Figure 8: Normalized $R_{DS(on)}$

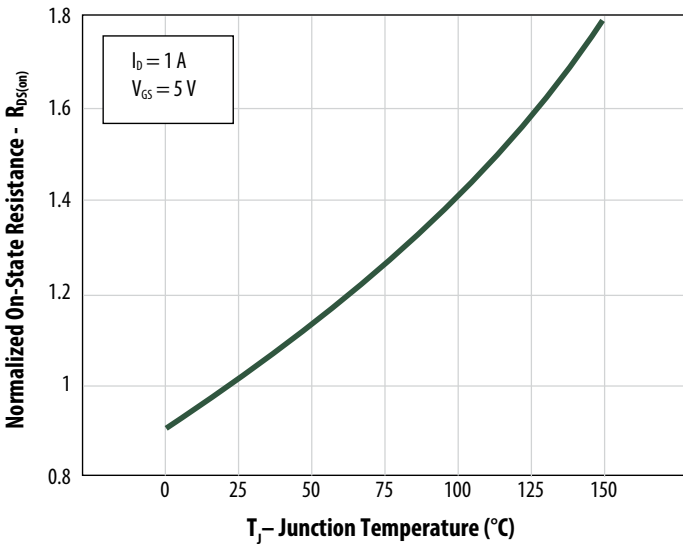


Figure 9: Normalized Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

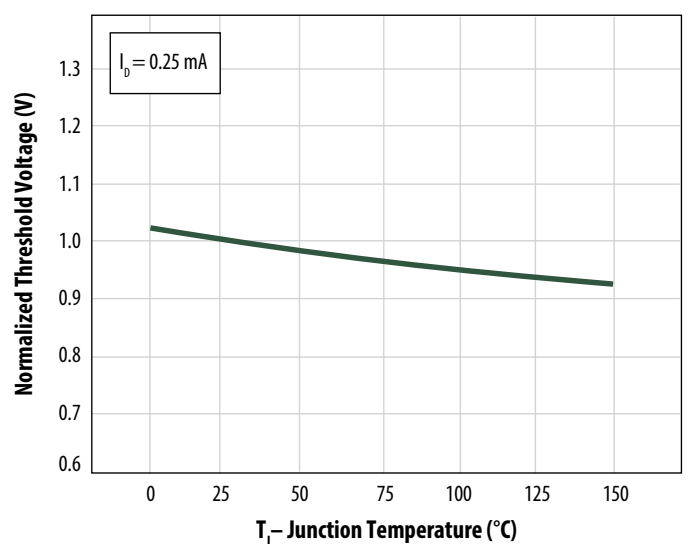
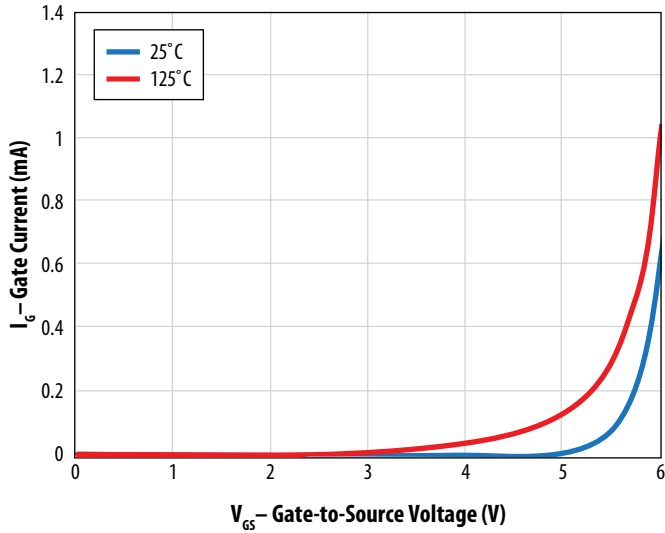
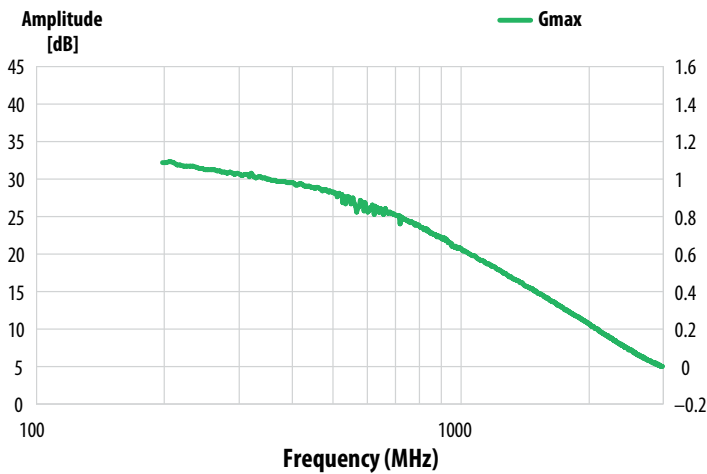


Figure 10: Gate Current



All measurements were done with substrate shortened to source.

Figure 12: Gain Chart



Frequency [MHz]	Gate (Z_{GS}) [Ω]	Drain (Z_{DS}) [Ω]
200	1.98 - j8.58	16.83 - j11.29
500	1.87 - j2.15	10.69 - j9.69
1000	1.39 + j2.14	5.22 - j5.45
1200	1.21 + j3.56	3.53 - j3.42
1500	1.01 + j4.96	2.35 - j0.81
2000	0.83 + j7.83	1.57 + j3.52
2400	0.73 + j10.14	1.54 + j6.19
3000	0.58 + j14.27	1.84 + j10.20

S-Parameter Table - Download S-parameter files at www.epc-co.com

Figure 11: Smith Chart

S-Parameter Characteristics
 $V_{GSQ} = 2.36\text{ V}$, $V_{DSQ} = 30\text{ V}$, $I_{DQ} = 0.50\text{ A}$
 Pulsed Measurement, Heat-Sink Installed, $Z_0 = 50\ \Omega$

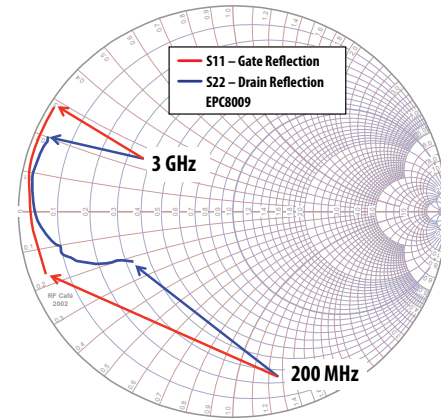


Figure 13: Device Reflection

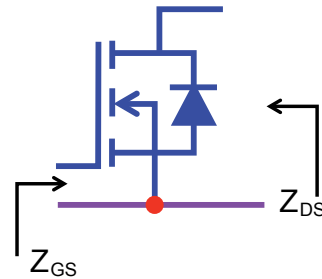


Figure 14: Taper and Reference Plane details – Device Connection

Micro-Strip design: 2-layer
 1/2 oz (17.5 μm) thick copper
 30 mil thick R04350 substrate

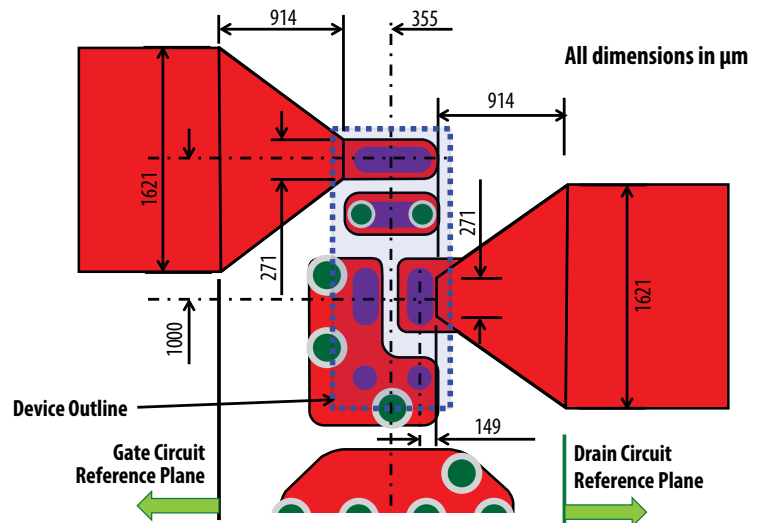


Figure 15: Transient Thermal Response Curves

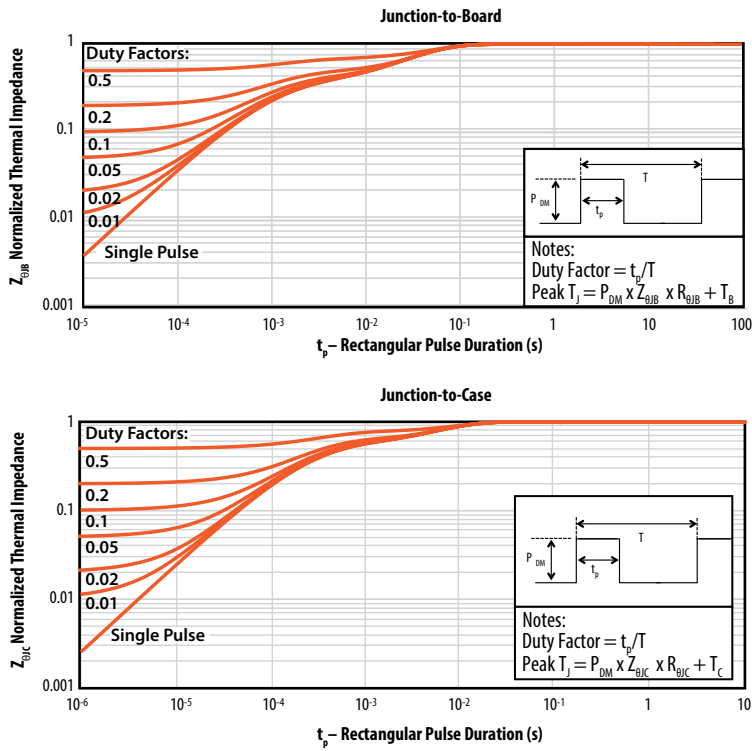
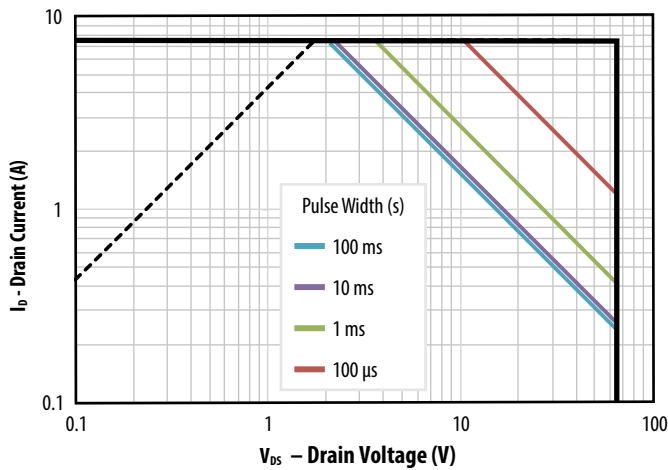
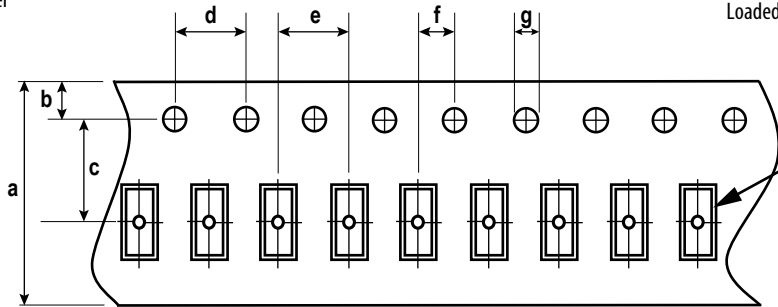
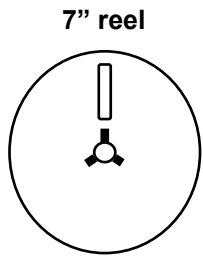


Figure 16: Safe Operating Area

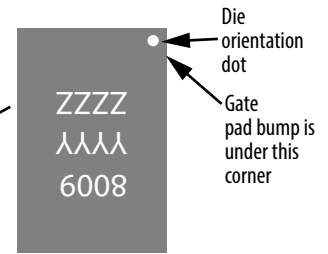


TAPE AND REEL CONFIGURATION

4mm pitch, 8mm wide tape on 7" reel



Loaded Tape Feed Direction →

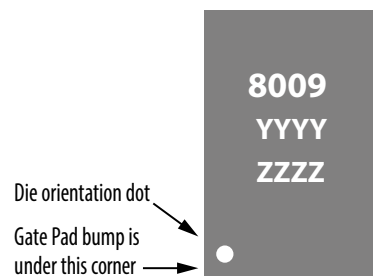


Die is placed into pocket solder bump side down (face side down)

Dimension (mm)	EPC8009 (note 1)		
	target	min	max
a	8.00	7.90	8.30
b	1.75	1.65	1.85
c (see note)	3.50	3.45	3.55
d	4.00	3.90	4.10
e	4.00	3.90	4.10
f (see note)	2.00	1.95	2.05
g	1.5	1.5	1.6

Note 1: MSL 1 (moisture sensitivity level 1) classified according to IPC/JEDEC industry standard.
 Note 2: Pocket position is relative to the sprocket hole measured as true position of the pocket, not the pocket hole.

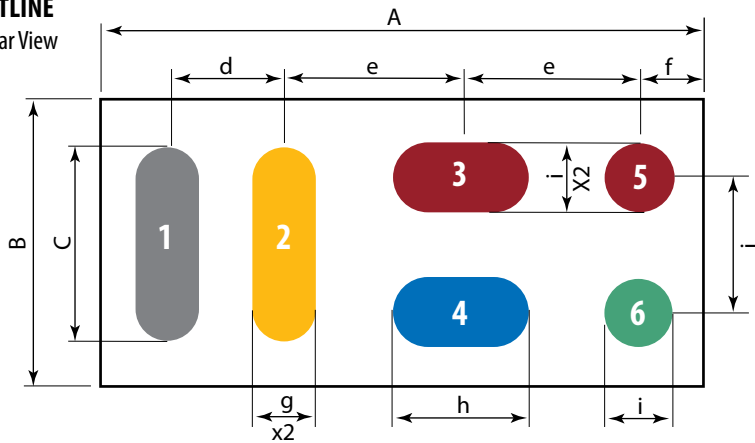
DIE MARKINGS



Part Number	Laser Markings		
	Part # Marking Line 1	Lot_Date Code Marking line 2	Lot_Date Code Marking Line 3
EPC8009	8009	YYYY	ZZZZ

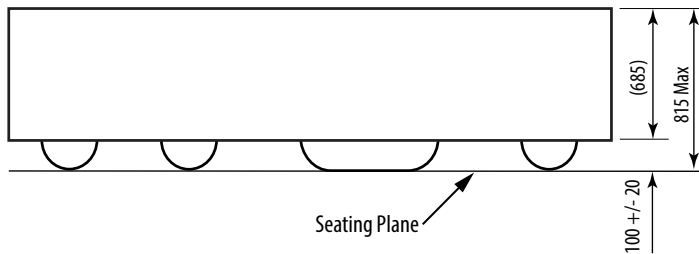
DIE OUTLINE

Solder Bar View



Dim	Micrometers		
	Min	Nominal	Max
A	2020	2050	2080
B	820	850	880
C	555	580	605
d	400	400	400
e	600	600	600
f	200	225	250
g	175	200	225
h	425	450	475
i	175	200	225
j	400	400	400

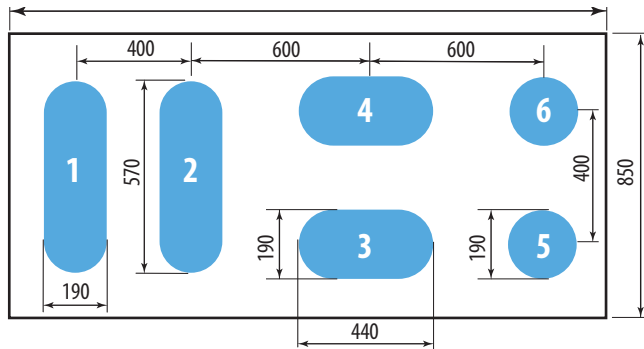
Side View



- Pad no. 1 is Gate
- Pad no. 2 is Source Return for Gate Driver
- Pad no. 3 and 5 are Source
- Pad no. 4 is Drain
- Pad no. 6 is Substrate*

*Substrate pin should be connected to Source

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (measurements in μm)

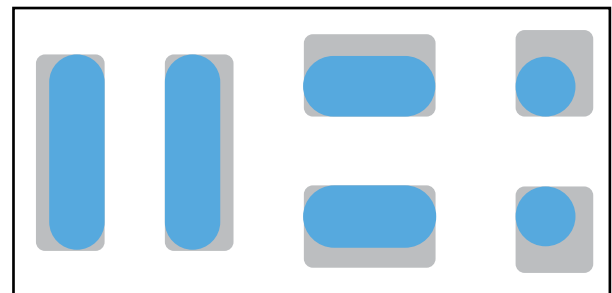
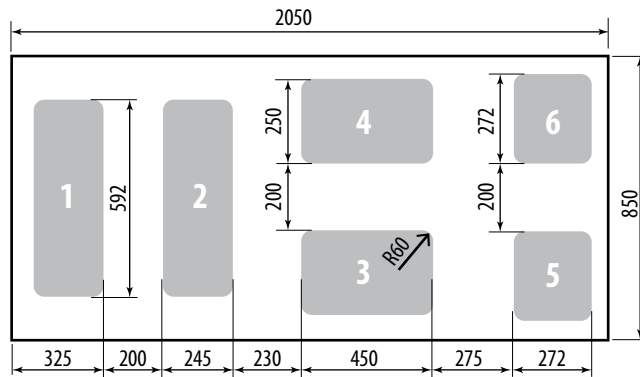


The land pattern is solder mask defined.
Solder mask opening is 5 μm smaller per side than bump.

- Pad no. 1 is Gate
- Pad no. 2 is Source Return for Gate Driver
- Pad no. 3 and 5 are Source
- Pad no. 4 is Drain
- Pad no. 6 is Substrate*

*Substrate pin should be connected to Source

RECOMMENDED STENCIL DRAWING (measurements in μm)



Blue = bump, Gray = stencil

Recommended stencil should be 4 mil (100 μm) thick, must be laser cut, openings per drawing. Intended for use with SAC305 Type 3 solder, reference 88.5% metals content.

Additional assembly resources available at: <https://epc-co.com/epc/design-support/assemblybasics>

Efficient Power Conversion Corporation (EPC) reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein to improve reliability, function or design. EPC does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein; neither does it convey any license under its patent rights, nor the rights of others. eGaN® is a registered trademark of Efficient Power Conversion Corporation.
EPC Patent Listing: <https://epc-co.com/epc/about-epc/patents>

Information subject to change without notice.
Revised July, 2023